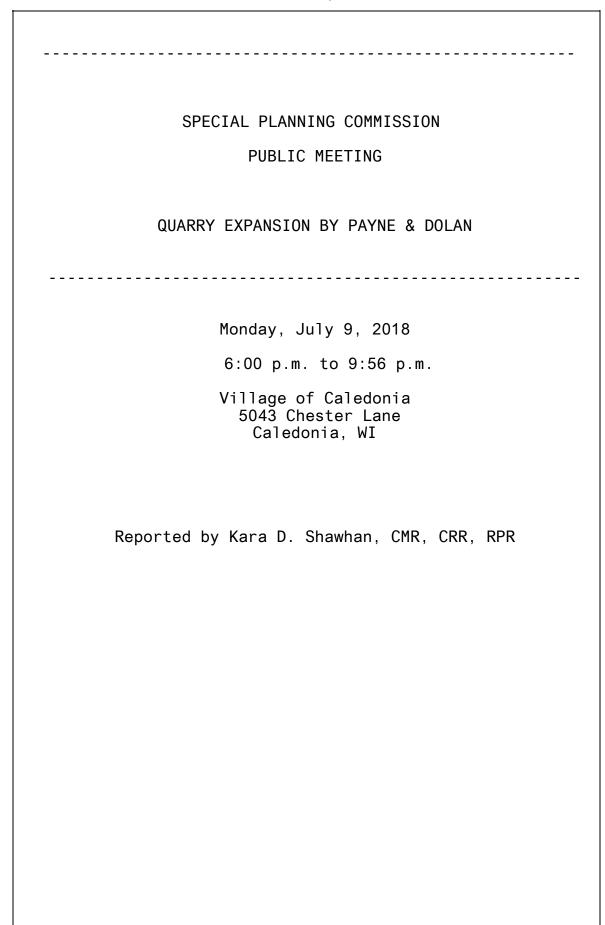
## **BROWN & JONES REPORTING, INC.**



1	APPEARANCES
2	MR. JIM DOBBS, VILLAGE PRESIDENT.
3	MR. THOMAS KNITTER.
4	MR. KEVIN WANGGAARD,
5	VILLAGE TRUSTEE.
6	MR. JARMEN CZUTA, ZONING ADMINISTRATOR.
7	MR. JOSEPH MINORIK.
8	
9	MR. BILL FOLK.
10	MR. DUANE MICHALSKI.
11	MR. LEE WISHAU, VILLAGE TRUSTEE.
12	MR. DAVE PROTT,
13	VILLAGE TRUSTEE.
14	MS. FRAN MARTIN, VILLAGE TRUSTEE.
15	MR. DALE STILLMAN, VILLAGE TRUSTEE.
16	MR. JAY BENKOWSKI,
17	VILLAGE TRUSTEE.
18	MR. TONY BUNKELMAN, UTILITY DISTRICT DIRECTOR.
19	
20	MR. TIM PRUITT, VILLAGE ATTORNEY.
21	MS. KARIE TORKILSEN, VILLAGE CLERK.
22	
23	MS. TONI MUISE, ASSISTANT ADMINISTRATOR.
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1	Speakers: Pa	age
2	Presentation by Payne & Dolan	7
	Mr. Thomas Weatherston	91
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4	Mr. Tom Jung	97
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9	Ms. Denise Lockwood1	18 21
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12	Ms. Melissa Lemke 1	43
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	Ms. Eve Thielen 1	48
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05:50	1	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
05:50	2	MR. DOBBS: Good morning. If everyone
06:04	3	could please have a seat, I'd like to call this
06:04	4	special planning meeting to order. Roll call,
06:04	5	please?
	6	MS. TORKILSEN: Tom Knitter?
06:05	7	MR. KNITTER: Here.
06:05	8	MS. TORKILSEN: Kevin Wanggaard?
06:05	9	MR. WANGGAARD: Here.
	10	MS. TORKILSEN: Jim Dobbs?
06:05	11	MR. DOBBS: Here.
	12	MS. TORKILSEN: And Joe Minorik?
06:05	13	MR. MINORIK: Here.
	14	MS. TORKILSEN: And Bill Folk?
06:05	15	MR. FOLK: Here.
06:05	16	MS. TORKILSEN: And Duane Michalski?
06:05	17	MR. MICHALSKI: Here.
06:05	18	MR. DOBBS: And Jon Schattner has been
06:05	19	excused. This evening we're all here to discuss an
06:05	20	amendment of the land use plan and a request for a
06:05	21	conditional use permit by Payne & Dolan for the
06:05	22	quarry operation. We're going to start off today
06:05	23	with a brief introduction by our planning and
06:05	24	zoning administrator, Jarmen, from the county who
06:05	25	works for Caledonia.

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The second thing we'll be doing then after Jarmen gives some introductory comments will be a presentation by Payne & Dolan of their plan that the board members have all received and that the planning commission members have received, and we will get everybody here in the audience an update on what they want to do.

After initial questions from the planning commission of Payne & Dolan, we will then enter the public hearing phase. I will go through several different phases. I will ask three times for anybody who wants to come up and speak in favor of this, and then after all those people are done, we will go and ask three times if anybody wants to come up here in opposition to this.

Anybody who wants to speak should have filled out a form which should be out in the hallway. We want one of these on file so that the court reporter can get everybody's name and what they want to say.

Any comments or questions you have will be directed to this commission and not to the representatives from Payne & Dolan. If there's any questions that you have that we or Payne & Dolan can answer, we will ask them to answer them at

06:06	1	another time. We don't want direct communication
06:06	2	between the audience and the Payne & Dolan members,
06:07	3	just to keep things calm.
06:07	4	I'll also note that the Caledonia board
06:07	5	is also here this evening. They will be listening
06:07	6	and may interject from time to time also so they
06:07	7	can, you know, see what happens at this public
06:07	8	hearing tonight so they're more informed when they
06:07	9	have to make a decision what the planning
06:07	10	commission does.
06:07	11	I think that's all I have to start out
06:07	12	with. Jarmen?
06:07	13	MS. TORKILSEN: I just want to call the
06:07	14	board to order. Can you hear me?
06:07	15	MR. DOBBS: Yes.
06:07	16	MS. TORKILSEN: I'm going to call the
06:07	17	roll call for the village board. Trustee
	18	Benkowski?
	19	MR. BENKOWSKI: Here.
	20	MS. TORKILSEN: Trustee Stillman?
	21	MR. STILLMAN: Here.
	22	MS. TORKILSEN: Trustee Martin?
	23	MS. MARTIN: Here.
	24	MS. TORKILSEN: Trustee Prott?
	25	MR. PROTT: Here.

	1	MS. TORKILSEN: Trustee Wishau?
06:07	2	MR. WISHAU: Here.
06:07	3	MS. TORKILSEN: Thank you.
06:07	4	MR. CZUTA: Thank you, President Dobbs.
06:07	5	As you've already mentioned, the applicant did
06:07	6	prepare a very detailed binder. Each one of you
06:08	7	should have a copy in front of you. It's labeled
06:08	8	"Racine Quarry Project, Village of Caledonia,
06:08	9	Racine County, Wisconsin," and it outlines exactly
06:08	10	what they are requesting, and at this time I think
06:08	11	it would be appropriate to allow the applicant to
06:08	12	present before the planning commission and the
06:08	13	village board what their desires are. Thank you.
06:08	14	MR. DOBBS: Representatives of Payne &
06:08	15	Dolan come forward, please. And if you would,
06:08	16	state your names for the record.
06:08	17	MR. ENDRES: Sure. Good evening. Thanks
06:08	18	for your time tonight. My name is
	19	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Can you speak up? We
	20	can't hear you.
06:08	21	MR. ENDRES: Okay. How is this? Better?
06:08	22	MR. DOBBS: Yeah. Make sure they can
06:08	23	hear you.
06:08	24	MR. ENDRES: Testing one, two, three.
06:08	25	Mic check. Thank you for your time tonight. My

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name is Brian Endres. I'm with Payne & Dolan.

Along with me tonight is Clint Weninger, and
running the computer is Ethan Courter.

Like I said, we appreciate your time in advance to go through our project. There's been a lot of differing information out there. I think when we get done tonight, you should at least understand from our perspective what we're looking at.

So the status of our project right now, we're pursuing to do the final and further development of the Racine Quarry. We did hold a public hearing May -- or excuse me, not a public hearing -- an informational session with neighbors that we noticed -- the same notice that was given for this meeting just to get our project out there and take input from neighbors, see if they had any ideas that we could incorporate, and there were some good ones. I'm glad we had that meeting. We did incorporate those into our application which you all have.

So tonight we're actually applying for the -- as you said, for the land use amendment rezoning, a conditional use permit, and modification of the nonmetallic mining permit

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through the Village of Caledonia and also an amended reclamation plan through Racine County.

So to start off, I thought the best thing to do was just an aerial. Everything outlined in blue is property that's owned by Payne & Dolan. The area in orange with the red dashed line is what we call the project area that we'll be discussing in detail tonight.

I'd like to -- The pointer doesn't work real well from what I'm told, so Ethan will use the mouse.

Charles Street is located in the orange area running up and down the page there, and then right at the top, the next street to the north is Ellis Avenue area, and then continuing to the west would be Douglas Avenue coming down and then hitting 3 Mile and coming back to the east to Charles Street. So really the intersection of Charles and 3 mile and Ellis and Charles would kind of be the project area.

So tonight, just a quick outline, a little bit about our company, who we are and the history of the Racine Quarry, the need for the products that come out of that quarry, our current operation, the details of the project and then some

1 end use reclamation options. 06:11 2 So who is Payne & Dolan? Well, we're a 06:11 third-generation family-owned company that started 3 06:11 in 1930 with deep roots in Racine County. 4 06:11 Actually, our founder, Walter Bechthold, was the 5 06:11 Racine County highway commissioner and then bought 6 06:11 Payne & Dolan in 1930. 7 06:11 8 We're now headquartered in Waukesha, 06:11 9 Wisconsin, with operations in northern Illinois, 06:11 10 Wisconsin, upper Michigan and upper and lower 06:11 11 Michigan, which is still considered very upper 06:11 12 Michigan. 06:11 13 We are a leading producer of construction 06:11 14 aggregates: asphalt, concrete, and our northern 06:11 15 operations, agricultural lime. We also do the 06:11 16 We have several customers construction ourselves. 06:11 from the private sector, from municipalities, 17 06:11 18 state, federal, and we have a design-build side 06:12 19 with engineers that actually does work across the 06:12 20 country. 06:12 21 We are a proven company with decades of 06:12 22 experience opening, operating and reclaiming 06:12 23 nonmetallic mines like this. 06:12 24 I thought this was important to throw up, 06:12 25 our core values. We take these things very 06:12

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seriously, especially the last two. "Treat everyone with respect" is very important to me, and we live that every day with the people that are around us in the communities that we work and operate in.

And then "Supporting ideas that strengthen the communities we serve," we also take that very seriously. I think there have been some letters submitted to you on our behalf on different nonprofit organizations that we've been involved with that we've helped out, and every area that we do operate in, we do try and be strong corporate citizens.

We're also a fairly large employer and we have many local employees in the greater Racine County area and locally in Caledonia and the city of Racine, but this quarry has been here 165 years, and it also supports many jobs from many different companies that rely on the products that come out of this business for the business that they do.

MR. WENINGER: Brian introduced me before, but I'd just like to introduce myself again. I'm Clint Weninger. I'm a geologist with Payne & Dolan. I'd briefly like to talk about some of the history with the quarry. The quarry was

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started in 1853, and originally the original quarry was between Douglas Avenue and the railroad track, which is no longer active. The east quarry was started in 1905. The west quarry was started in The tunnel that connects the two under the '60s. the Douglas Avenue railroad tracks was put in in the '70s.

Vulcan purchased the quarry in 1958 from The Consumers Company and continued to operate it until 2013. And at that point in time Payne & Dolan purchased the quarry, and we've operated it ever since.

So that gives a long history of 165 years that this quarry has been in operation providing valuable construction materials which have allowed Racine County, the village of Caledonia, the city of Racine and surrounding areas to grow.

A couple pictures that I threw up here just sort of show the change in technology over The top right picture is an old railcar back time. in the early 1800s, 1900s, done by rail, and then it switched to shovels, and that is a single-axle truck, but at that time that was the biggest truck that was available.

In 1910, the picture in the upper left is

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showing the crushing plant that they had at the time. And that's looking to the south. So you're in the east quarry looking to the south. There's a railroad grade that goes up that fed the crusher. That crusher was actually at the grade of 3 Mile Road. And then the bottom right picture from 1970 is actually a railcar pulling -- or a locomotive pulling railcars, and the road that you see right in front is actually 3 Mile Road. So the railroad was almost right on top of the 3 Mile Road at that time. You also notice a lot of stockpiles behind the railcar as well.

1950 -- or sorry. 1955, this is a picture of the quarry and the surrounding area. As Brian mentioned, the property in blue is our property. You'll notice that there's very little development surrounding the quarry at this time. Down in the lower right-hand corner, which is towards the southeast, that's the city of Racine area, you'll see it's all farm field. There's no residential in that area. And then if go counterclockwise, you'll see that there's no residential straight east of the quarry. In the northeast corner there's no residential. The only residential really at that point in time is some

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along Ellis Avenue straight north of the quarry. And then if you go over towards the west quarry on the far upper left-hand corner, you'll see there's no residential there. A little bit starting on the far left side of the page, far west side of the property, and then the south or southwest corner you'll see there's no residential, and the airport is not there as well.

The east quarry is the one that's operating in this picture. The original quarry in the middle has not been operating. It's full of water now in this picture. You'll notice that the quarry mined right up to the property lines at that time. There was no setback requirements, no zoning, no rules, no regulations for that kind of development, so they worked right up to the extent of the property that was owned at that time.

You'll also notice that the -- what we called the Charles Street Yard on the east side of Charles Street is active, and they piled a lot of materials there. They located plants there at times.

The crushing plant too was actually just north of 3 Mile Road and just west of Charles Street in that area right on grade in that area.

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So let's fast-forward 60 years. That brings us to 2015. You'll see that there's been substantial development around the quarry. And all those areas that we mentioned before to the southeast, the northeast, the northwest and the southwest as well. And you'll see the airport in there as well.

The quarry hasn't stopped any development from coming up close to the quarry. You'll also notice that the operations now, the crushing plant in the mid-'90s was moved from on top by 3 Mile Road down to about 120 feet below the quarry in the middle of the east quarry section.

You'll see the west quarry. If you look, there's more green space around that. That's because that was developed at a later time when there was more setbacks that were required surrounding that quarry.

Here's a picture looking from about
Charles Street and 3 Mile. If you were to go up,
it's an aerial photo looking to the northwest. So
this is the east quarry. You'll see all the
crushing plant in the bottom right-hand corner of
the picture. And there you'll see a lot of
stockpiles right along the road. The railroad is

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right adjacent to 3 Mile Road and then Douglas

Avenue is on the top of the picture, and the old

original quarry is just above that.

Now, in the bottom left-hand corner, there's a building that's actually still there today, and that's in the far left, right next to the stockpile.

Oops. Sorry. Now, here is a photo from this spring, 2018, almost the same direction. The building in the bottom left is the building we pointed out in the last picture. You'll notice that here all the operations have been moved down into the forward quarry. The railroad is no longer accessing around 3 Mile Road. There's fencing, there's berms and fencing along 3 Mile Road, and the blue building that you see is actually our shop facility, and just below that is the wheel wash facility.

The only operations that take place at street level now are either maintenance and/or parking of equipment in addition to scaling of trucks.

So you might ask "Why are we here?"

Well, we're here because there's a great need by

our society to build things -- the streets we drive

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on, the homes we live in, the buildings that we go to work in, the buildings our kids go to school in, and these construction activities require a tremendous amount of crushed stone products.

So a few facts I threw up here that some of you might not know is that 95 percent of asphalt is crushed stone. The rest is asphalt cement. 90 percent of concrete is crushed stone materials. It takes almost 30 million tons or 30 million pounds of aggregate to build a typical school, 340 tons to build a typical house. And here's an interesting stat from 2016, which is the last year these were available, but in Wisconsin, there was over 56 million tons of crushed stone that were needed just for that one year to keep our society going, whether it was building new things or maintaining and repairing our existing infrastructure. That equates to almost 20,000 pounds for every person in this room and then throughout the state as well.

So these boxes I mentioned go to all different kinds of uses: highways, the parking lot for the village hall here, St. Rita's, bridges, commercial buildings, homes, and most of the things that are constructed within the city of this quarry

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use products directly from this quarry.

Here are some of the larger projects we supplied products to over the last few years. You might recognize a lot of these names. Amazon, Uline, the Village of Caledonia, the city of Racine, Case, Johnson, the upcoming Foxconn project that's going on now, the DOT, Racine County. Those are some of the local projects you might recognize.

Now, one of the reasons this site is important is because aggregates aren't found everywhere or the potential to even open a quarry isn't found everywhere. This is a map that I obtained from the geologic survey, and it shows the potential -- and this is just potential for crushed stone availability. So any limestone deposits that are close by, those are highlighted in gray in this picture.

You'll see that most of the potential areas for Racine County are in the far western part. Now, this is just potential. It doesn't take into any account any surface features like wetlands, parcel sizes, roadways, anything like that that might limit you further.

So on the far right side in red is Racine Quarry, and you'll see that that's the only area

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around here. Ideally, if we had the opportunity to go out in the middle of a farm field in the middle of Racine County and open a quarry, we would do that.

Unfortunately, the material isn't there to be able to do that. And one of the reasons that this quarry started was the rock was within three, four feet back in the day. If you get in some of those other areas, there's up to 200 feet of overburden on top, and if the thickness of stone underneath is very minimal there, it doesn't pay to open a quarry there.

Now, one of the reasons it's important to have an aggregate source close is the cost of trucking. Many of you might know that aggregates, crushed stone, it's a high volume, low unit cost type of material which means transportation costs play a significant impact on the cost of those materials to the end user.

A majority of those end users end up being the towns, the villages, county, state, and a lot of the road projects and infrastructure projects that occur. So this map here shows if you had a typical job in the middle of the village of Caledonia, symbolized by the Caledonia symbol, what

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the additional cost would be per truckload to haul from these other crushed stone sites. So you'll see the only other quarry in Racine County is in Burlington. So to haul from there to that job would be \$120 per truckload. So if you had 100 truckloads for that job, you'd have to multiply that by another hundred. So -- And as fuel costs go up, those prices go up proportionately with those increased fuel costs.

So the closer you be to the end users is going to save everybody money whether it's the consumer or the taxpayers.

MR. ENDRES: So we'll get into our current operations right now. And like the slide I showed before, this is an outline of all the property that Payne & Dolan owns. 349 acres total. In Caledonia, 319 acres. In the city of Racine, 30 acres.

What I want to do is just point out what we're currently doing. And if we can work from the right side of the picture to the left, you'll see our Charles Street yard. That is -- In some of Clint's pictures before, the railcars were parked and they were stockpiling material. And then right in the intersection of 3 Mile and Charles Street is

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our main entrance and office and scale. And then if you follow the dashed red line down, that's the ramp that goes down into the quarry.

And at the bottom of the east quarry we have our crushing and stockpiling area. That will not change with our proposal tonight. That will stay there. The red line is the tunnel that connects the two quarries. And then on the north end of the west quarry is where we load railroad cars and we ship to customers via rail.

Regulations. We are a heavily regulated industry, and we have a great track record of compliance. Blasting, air and water, reclamation, trucking are the majors. The Village of Caledonia has a blasting ordinance that we follow and we take very seriously. And with this project and the perimeter of the quarry changing slightly, the notification radius for the blasting permit will increase, so there will be new people that are now within the radius, and those people would be offered the same things we offered, you know, previous people that have been within our operation.

We can have -- We hire a third company -- a third-party independent company to come out and

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perform pre-blast surveys of your home, they can document the existing conditions, and it's a report you can keep. It actually protects the homeowner, and it also protects us because the Caledonia blasting permit is very good one -- the ordinance is a very good one, and we're very confident that we will do no damage as long as we stay within those parameters.

Air and water, we have an awesome reputation with the DNR, and we take a lot of pride in that.

Reclamation, Racine County, we've got several sites that we have operated and reclaimed within County of Racine, and I think we're well respected at the county level.

And trucking, we take that very seriously too. We don't always hire all the trucks. We have limited control over them, but we've had neighbors and residents complain about, for example, trucks on 3 Mile that weren't supposed to be hauling that way. So we put together a flyer, explained the truck route, explained where they couldn't go, and for a week every truck that left that quarry, whether they were making seven trips in a day, they all got that flyer just in an effort to try and be

good neighbors. 1 06:28 2 4 5 6 7

So how do we have such a good record? Well, many different ways. We incorporated our B&Ps right out of the gate with our site designs. Paved entrances, landscaping, putting up big berms, wheel washes, putting our operations down in the hole, and then applying operational controls like watering, speed limits, hitting transfer points with water, sweeping, things of that nature.

So now we'll get into the project overview. You know, the area that we're asking for, a rezone, the project development plan, our reclamation plan and some conceptual end uses.

So here is the zoomed-in area that I started out with from the east and northeast portion of our property. The rezoned acres is --So the area in orange is the area where are 31. we're requesting a rezone, and the area in yellow is 20 acres that is currently zoned M-4 quarry district, so we'll mine that at some point.

What we're trying to do is incorporate a plan here that gives a better end use to the quarry when both of those are done. So the area in the red dashed line, that's the proposed quarry limits, meaning there will be no mining farther than that

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red line. The orange area goes further than that for the rezone, but that's just for buffer land.

So something I wanted to point out, you saw all the land that we do own. The 31 acres that we're asking for a rezone in is only 25 percent of the land that we own to the north and the northeast of our existing quarry. I mean, it's only 9 percent of the total property we own, but in this general area, it's only 25 percent of what we currently have out there.

And this slide shows it a little bit better. So here the area in red is the area that we're asking for CUP for extraction, the area that we would like to go into, add on to our current nonconforming acreage on the south. So it's 14 acres out of a total of 122 acres that we own. The farm fields to the north and to the east, they all have stone underneath them, but we really put a lot of time and thought into how could this be a win-win for the community and for us, so we truly believe is that the 14 acres we're asking for is reasonable.

I'd like to point out that the area on the south that's hashed in light blue, that's acres that's currently zoned M-4 that with this

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project and proposal we would be giving up to have additional buffer on the south side and the east side for our neighbors. So again, that 14 acres is only 11 percent of the total area that we own north and east.

So here. This -- I'd like to walk through some bullets here and point out some things. Like I said, we had the public informational meeting which was really advantageous for us, to hear some ideas from the community that we've been able to incorporate into here. There were some really good ideas.

So starting out with No. 1, obviously, relocating Charles Street. It currently goes straight north and south. Now we're proposing a little bend to the east and then going south. Along with realigning Charles Street, we're going to add a bike path. There's currently no off-street bike lane, so we're going to put in a right-of-way -- a six-foot-wide bike path connecting the Ellis neighborhood to the south.

Item No. 3, a landscaped operations berm. Right now you have a beam guard on Charles Street and a roughly 200-foot vertical drop, and there's nothing we can do about that. That will be there

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until, well, we're long gone.

With this new proposal, we have the ability to apply today's best practices to how you set up and operate mines, and we can put in a very nice landscape berm that's got trees on it and provides a really nice buffer going forward.

Item No. 5 -- Or excuse me. Item No. 4. This here came out of the informational meeting with the community. It was great. So some people were concerned with the realignment of Charles Street, if cars were coming to the north at night, they might be shining headlights in people's windows, so we said, "Okay. What if we put a six-foot-high berm and put trees along it so we can shelter any light coming into your house?" And people thought that would be great. So No. 4 is actually something that came right out of the informational meeting we had with our neighbors.

5 also came out of that meeting. So we have some neighbors to Racine that aren't governed by the Village of Caledonia but still matter, so there was an area of vegetation currently between the city of Racine property and our Charles Street yard that's really overgrown, buckthorn and nasty trees, old tires, who knows what's in there, and a

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citizen came up and said, "Hey. You know, we'd really like to see that cleaned up." So as part of this proposal here, we'll wipe out all the bad stuff, clean up all the garbage and plant it with a new, nice vegetative buffer, adding a nice 50-foot buffer between the relocated Charles Street and our neighbors in Racine to the east.

Then Area 6 I'd like to point out in our project area. That's where the overburden is going to come from. So what I'd like to point out is there's probably an average of 30 to 40 feet of overburden on top of the rock. So from Charles Street, you go up 15 feet or so with a nice landscape berm and then you remove the overburden, you're going to be, you know, 30 to 50 feet below grade before you get to the top of the limestone. So we're already going to be well below like what people see up on Charles Street. So we use that Area 6 for overburden to build our berms along the perimeter of the property, and then Area No. 7 is basically Area 6 minus the overburden. That's the top of the limestone where we start to mine over the next 20, 25 years.

Area -- or Bullet Point No. 8 is our current crushing and stockpiling area. That will

06:34	1	not change with this proposal. That will stay
06:34	2	there. That is permanent, in concrete footings, so
06:34	3	that will stay there.
06:34	4	And then 9, the sales and trucking area,
06:34	5	that will remain where it is with a slight
06:34	6	realignment with 3 Mile Road being rebuilt next
06:34	7	year as well.
06:34	8	And the last thing that I'd like to point
06:34	9	out that I really thought was a great idea that
06:34	10	came from the neighbors and I hope shows our
06:34	11	commitment to trying to find a win-win is Bullet
06:34	12	Point No. 10. We're willing to deed restrict the
06:34	13	remaining field to the north and to the east of
06:34	14	Charles Street there from mining. So we can't
06:34	15	We'll put in there that we can't come back and ask
06:34	16	you guys to relocate Charles Street again to go
06:34	17	after that.
06:34	18	So we thought that was a very important
06:34	19	thing to a good faith effort with the community
06:34	20	to show that we're serious about this being the
06:34	21	final development phase of our quarry.
06:34	22	MR. WANGGAARD: How many acres total?
06:34	23	MR. ENDRES: So 122 acres total, and the
06:35	24	CUP area we're asking is 31 acres, and so, you
06:35	25	know, 90-ish. I can get you the exact. I don't

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know off the top of my head.

MR. WANGGAARD: Thank you.

So what happens when we're MR. WENINGER: done mining with this site? That's basically --For most people that don't know, that's called the reclamation phase of it. And if you don't know, all aggregate sites in the state now have to have a reclamation plan. This site has a reclamation plan that the village has seen before, and it has been approved. We would have to modify that plan now to include this portion.

So what happens at the end is we're going to take that screening berm completely down. We're going to take it down to the level of the existing grade that's out there now, and we're going to grade the slope that's going to go down into the What's going to happen is we're going to quarry. turn the pumps off because in order to keep the quarry dry, we have to pump it down, similar to like your sump pump in your house.

We'll turn the pumps off, the water will come up, and it's going to come up to about five, six feet below the elevation of the existing grade along Charles Street. So perimeter berms are removed, there will be a 101-acre lake just in the

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east quarry. But the important part, there's going to be 17 acres of improved use. So if you look at the map that's in front of you now, if you go from Charles Street along 3 Mile to the east and then go completely to the north along the newly located Charles Street, wrap around all the way behind St. Rita's, that area in green is all going to be available for future use. That's approximately 4,200 feet of shoreline that would then be available.

So I'm going to go to a cross-section in the next slide, and that cross-section takes place about where the Charles Street yard is down in the southeast corner. It will go through the extraction area and the reclamation area, through the relocated Charles Street and to the east property line.

So starting on the top picture to the right is to the east, if you would. So that's our east property line, and that's our existing conditions. We currently have that area of trees there. There's a small little berm in the middle, and then you hit our Charles Street yard where we do stockpiling in that area, and that's approximately 500 feet from the left side of that

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slide over to Charles Street from there.

The next slide down is showing that cross-section during operations. So the 50-foot buffer on the far right that Brian mentioned behind those homes that we clean up, that's that area of trees that you see there. We would have a 76-foot right-of-way where Charles Street would be relocated. That's consistent with the existing right-of-way.

On the west side of that, we would have a six-foot bike path. And then we would hit -- We'd have a 25-foot setback from there. We'd hit a safety fence, and then our screening berm from there. So you'll see the trees planted obviously on the public view side of the screening berm.

And from the top of the berm going to the left is a slope down to the top of rock. So by the time you get to the far left hand, that's the actual extraction area. And if you go across the top of the page, you'll see there's a 200-foot minimum extraction set back from our property line, and that's by your zoning ordinance that we have to maintain.

If you go to the bottom slide, that's reclamation when it's complete. You'll see that

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the berm is completely removed, taken down to grade. The portion of the slope that goes from that grade down into the water will extend down into the water, making a safety shelf, so safe access, and then you'll see that it's nice and sloped down to the top of rock, and then the water is going to fill in in an area approximately 30 feet or so above the top of the rock.

So the area that you see between the water's edge and our east property line would now be available for future development. What that future development looks like is really up to the Village of Caledonia.

Here is a conceptual end use showing residential. We just threw some single-family homes in there surrounding the property. Here is a mixed use with some park land and some residential -- park land up on the north and residential. Now, we're not showing this as a final condition because we're not sure what the community is going to want.

Typically, what we've done in this instance, we can either delay that final concept until the end so the community at that time can dictate what it is, or we can set aside certain areas for certain uses at this time depending on

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what the board's desires and the village's desires are.

Now, this is our current reclamation plan. The reason I wanted to show this is because if you look on the east quarry starting at about our entrance into the site going all the way to the north along the east edge and along the north boundary, then you'll see that there's no green at all. Well, the reason is because that area has been mined up so close to those property lines that we can never go back and touch that and do any reclamation with the site as it is exists right now.

The west quarry is a little different. You'll see more green space around there. Well, that quarry was developed later. Ample space was left, and we have nice slopes to the top of rock that can be seeded, be vegetated, and that's why that green area shows there.

So under our current reclamation plan, this is a shot looking to the -- If we were in the open field looking to the southeast, you'll see our Charles Street yard in that middle picture. You'll see the berm with trees on it and then Charles Street, and then you can see it's pretty much a

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steep drop-off from our fence line down to the top of the rock. There's nothing that can ever be done with that.

The top picture in the top right, that's from this spring showing its guardrail, you've got 10, 15 feet of green space, and then you've got a fence, and then it's a steep drop-off.

Now, in our proposed reclamation plan, all that area that you see in green in the east quarry will now have a nice, gentle slope going down to lake elevation, similar to what this picture shows here. That area that you see then in green will be able to be developed and have a future end use. That's currently not available here.

Payne & Dolan has a long history of reclaiming sites. I think Brian mentioned that earlier. Would have a long history with the Racine County. They do a lot of our site inspections, look at our reclamation. And we've done things anywhere from agricultural reclamation to development reclamation as well.

This is one of our most recent projects that occurred in a heavily developed area in the village of Big Bend, so just west of Muskego in the

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southwest corner of Waukesha County. And this project entailed taking a reclaimed gravel pit or an unreclaimed gravel pit, sorry, on the far southeast corner in a farm field, excavating quite a bit of material, creating a 29-acre of lake and then developing single-family homes around it upon completion. This project added approximately \$16 to \$18 million of valuation to the village, and this was just completed -- I think they started like -- It will be two years now. They had -- All the lots were sold out in a year surrounding this project.

So we can develop these things and do a final end use that's going to be conducive to what the village's needs are and what their vision is in the future as well.

MR. ENDRES: Thanks, Clint. So just some additional photos that Clint must have had in here for the Lake Park development from the air. You can see the home sites being built around it. The bottom left is the way we left it, and then we put the road around it, and now the homes are going in.

So again, thank you for your time, and I want to end with the benefits to the community from our perspective. Growth is happening, and it's

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going to continue to happen, and a local source of aggregates will provide the best, lowest cost infrastructure to the community, and it will be a continued source of local aggregates.

New infrastructure will be supplied as part of this project. Charles Street and all the utilities that were underneath it will be new.

We've all seen the horror stories across the country of aging utilities, sinkholes and pipes blowing out. This will all be a new section.

The operational buffer that we'll create with the berm and the trees I think will really be an added benefit. The deed restriction of limiting future mining, I think that's a very important part and a very big bonus and benefit to the community. As Clint said, the future development value for the Village of Caledonia, that will be decided by the village, what they would like to see along that area when we're finished.

A continued source of local jobs in the community -- not for just our employees, but for the many, many employees whose companies depend on our quarry to provide the materials for what they do. And then the potential for public amenities including a park, public access to that lake, and a

06:45	1	bike path. With that, we really thank you for your
06:45	2	time and appreciate your attention.
06:45	3	MR. DOBBS: Thank you, Brian. Is there
06:45	4	any questions right now before we get into the
06:46	5	public comments section from the commission? Any
06:46	6	questions before we get into the public session?
06:46	7	Duane?
06:46	8	MR. MICHALSKI: Just out of curiosity, as
06:46	9	far as the utilities and infrastructure being
06:46	10	moved, who is going to be paying for that?
06:46	11	MR. ENDRES: That would be at our
06:46	12	expense.
06:46	13	MR. WANGGAARD: That's it?
06:46	14	MR. DOBBS: That's it. Mr. Wanggaard?
06:46	15	MR. WANGGAARD: Can you put that slide
06:46	16	back up for the Can you expand that area,
06:46	17	please?
06:46	18	MR. ENDRES: This one?
06:46	19	MR. WANGGAARD: Yes. That will work.
06:46	20	Where do you guys plan to start mining and where
06:46	21	would your end point be in the mining process?
06:47	22	MR. ENDRES: So what we do with this, in
06:47	23	Area 6 and 7, once the overburden is stripped off
06:47	24	and we have the berms built, what we would do is we
06:47	25	would work this site basically north and south so

06:47	1	that we're not staying in one area for too long.
06:47	2	So the idea would be to get We're going to be 30
06:47	3	or so feet below grade to start and probably
06:47	4	50 foot when we go to the top of the berm, but
06:47	5	we'll want to get that down lower because the lower
06:47	6	we can get in there, the less potential noticing of
06:47	7	us around will be.
06:47	8	So we'll try and take that down in
06:47	9	layers, you know, starting from the south, working
06:47	10	to the north or depending on, you know, how we put
06:47	11	our ramps in there, but it will go down in layers.
06:47	12	MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. Because I guess
06:47	13	I'm asking, what How long is a typical How
06:47	14	long would it typically take you to move let's
06:47	15	say to clear 15 feet off of that whole area or 15
06:47	16	feet, whatever it is for the blasting?
	17	MR. ENDRES: So
06:47	18	MR. WANGGAARD: Do you hear where I'm
06:47	19	going?
06:47	20	MR. ENDRES: No.
06:47	21	MR. WANGGAARD: I'm trying to figure out
06:48	22	where you would in 20 years over 20 years
06:48	23	MR. ENDRES: So the That's about 20 to
06:48	24	25 years of reserves in that area, in 6 and 7. We
06:48	25	will deplete that in about 20 or 25 years at

06:48	1	current market conditions.
06:48	2	MR. WANGGAARD: And that goes down
06:48	3	MR. ENDRES: That's about 200 feet deep,
06:48	4	Clint?
06:48	5	MR. WENINGER: About 240.
06:48	6	MR. ENDRES: About 240 feet deep.
06:48	7	MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. So you'd be going
06:48	8	You take everything off, and then you'd start
06:48	9	going from the top straight across and kind of
06:48	10	leveling it out, basically?
06:48	11	MR. ENDRES: So we'd strip off all the
06:48	12	overburden and have the top of rock exposed, and
06:48	13	then what we would do is we would be mining from
06:48	14	top down in different areas of the quarry so that
06:48	15	we can be going down in benches.
06:48	16	So, you know, we can start at the north
06:48	17	end and work to the south and then at the south
06:48	18	turn around and go back to the north kind of a
06:48	19	thing. So you're going to work it down in
06:48	20	probably, you know, 20- to 40-foot benches.
06:48	21	MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. So I guess my
06:48	22	question would be when you're going to get it over
06:48	23	to the crushers, the crushers would be on the site.
06:48	24	Correct?
06:48	25	MR. ENDRES: So what you'll see there is

06:48	1	you'll have a big high wall. So what we'll have to
06:49	2	do is we'll build a ramp down so that our haul
06:49	3	trucks will be hauling down to the crusher, not
06:49	4	unlike what they do right now hauling from west to
06:49	5	east quarry.
06:49	6	MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. And then the
06:49	7	300-foot buffer that you put up there
06:49	8	MR. ENDRES: To the north? Yeah.
06:49	9	MR. WANGGAARD: To the north. Now, that
06:49	10	300-foot buffer is from the end of your berm to the
06:49	11	residential area?
06:49	12	MR. ENDRES: So our property line at the
06:49	13	north, 300 feet south will be the edge of the
06:49	14	mineral extraction. So that will be the quarry
06:49	15	The new quarry wall on the north end will be
06:49	16	300 feet. By ordinance, it only has to be
06:49	17	200 feet, but we went an extra 100 feet just to be
06:49	18	away from those homes and put a nice, you know, big
06:49	19	buffer and berm in there, so we stayed an extra
06:49	20	100 feet south.
06:49	21	MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. The water wash
06:49	22	that you've got is going to And you guys
06:49	23	Explain a little bit what you've been doing as far
06:50	24	as the water wash and what you've been doing as far
06:50	25	as controlling dust. I know there were some issues

00.50	1	that were brought up prior when we were talking
06:50		that were brought up prior when we were talking
06:50	2	about the blasting permit itself
06:50	3	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. You bet.
06:50	4	MR. WANGGAARD: with some of the area
06:50	5	residents.
06:50	6	MR. ENDRES: Yeah.
06:50	7	MR. WANGGAARD: Speak a little bit about
06:50	8	that.
06:50	9	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. So we have On this
06:50	10	site we implement our best management practices for
06:50	11	fugitive dust, and we have permits through the DNR
06:50	12	that we have to follow. So our foreman is
06:50	13	responsible to making sure our water truck is
06:50	14	watering our site, our ramps coming in and out and
06:50	15	also our transfer points, where it's going from one
06:50	16	conveyor to another and there could be dust, we
06:50	17	have water systems down there to control that dust.
06:50	18	So when a truck is coming up and out of
06:50	19	the hole, it could pick up some dust or mud from
06:50	20	having moist roads. It's got a wheel wash that
06:50	21	sprays up on that truck with high pressure to knock
06:50	22	off that dust, and then they leave clean. But we
06:50	23	also have a fleet of sweeper trucks that make
06:50	24	regular swings through the roads coming in and out
06:51	25	of the quarry and up and down Douglas.

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We also load railcars from our west quarry up to the rail line, and we did have a neighbor along Douglas Avenue that had -- was perceiving that he had a dust problem from us, and so we spent a lot of time with them and actually even while we were investigating on our own side of the coin trying to figure out what could this be -- Because we couldn't find a source that was coming from us. So we even gave him a couple months of car washes while we were doing some investigation on our own side.

We have increased water systems on that high-angle conveyor where it loads the railcars. There's a spray system that goes right there. So we feel like we've eliminated any variable that could have possibly been even transmitting dust even though we didn't honestly notice.

Because the operator who is loading the railcars is physically sitting right above the cars when he's loading it. So if he were to see any dust, he's supposed to report it, and he hadn't seen any. So we've gone above and beyond there, but we've also increased the area that we sweep. Because there is a lot of construction traffic in and around this quarry that is not necessarily

06:52	1	related to our quarry, but if our sweeper is going
06:52	2	up Douglas, it doesn't hurt us to go another block
06:52	3	further and then come back down to the south. So
06:52	4	we've just done that.
06:52	5	So by following our, you know, dust
06:52	6	control measures of watering inside the pit,
06:52	7	watering at our transfer points, adding a couple
06:52	8	additional watering spots on our high-angle
06:52	9	conveyor, we feel we've got a very good handle on
06:52	10	that.
06:52	11	MR. WANGGAARD: I've got a couple more
06:52	12	questions here.
06:52	13	MR. ENDRES: Sure.
06:52	14	MR. WANGGAARD: You're monitoring for the
06:52	15	vibrations after you blast or while you blast.
06:52	16	MR. ENDRES: Yep.
06:52	17	MR. WANGGAARD: How Where have you got
06:52	18	Explain to me or to everybody here what that
06:52	19	entails as far as where those when you do that,
06:52	20	how it's measured.
06:52	21	MR. ENDRES: Sure.
06:52	22	MR. WANGGAARD: Where you've got
06:52	23	measuring stations, if you've got measuring
06:52	24	stations close by
06:52	25	MR. ENDRES: Yeah.

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MR. WANGGAARD: -- where that would be in this projected expansion.

MR. ENDRES: So we hire an outside company called Vibra-Tech to set up and monitor our blasting operations, and they use what's called a seismograph that measures the ground vibration.

And they're set up -- I don't have a slide that shows exactly where they are, but they have to be set up at the closest point to the blast that we don't own, so they move around once in a while.

So what we would do over here is we would work with Vibra-Tech and property owners and the villages to set up permanent seismographs here that will, you know, monitor our operations. And the nice thing about hiring a third party company like Vibra-Tech -- and we do this in the Franklin and in the Waukesha quarries -- is as soon as you have your blast event, the seismograph reads it and it's e-mailed. And it can go to the village, it goes to us, it goes to Vibra-Tech, and it also goes to the State of Wisconsin. Because we have to report every blast to the State of Wisconsin.

So there's no chance that we could ever influence the results of that. Like it is what it is. We have to live with it. So if we ever made a

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mistake, it would be right there. So we would be putting up the same technology with the same third company to monitor this area when we'd be blasting in there.

And without going too deep in your question, the science behind blasting and vibration is very proven and very detailed, and there are things out there, the U.S. Bureau of Mines, the State of Wisconsin DSPS -- There's the office that regulates blasting -- They know us well, and we have a really, really good track record with them.

And it's -- I'm up here speaking as the fox guarding the henhouse, I understand that, but there's science out there that we can prove that our operations are not damaging your foundation. I grew up next to a quarry in Madison, actually, and that's what my parents thought when we grew up. But it can be proven that we're not doing that.

And any homes that are within our proposed operation area here that are now within the ordinance radius, they can get the pre-blast inspections of their basement that can provide them a really nice security blanket for them.

MR. WANGGAARD: I know you're going to get some of that tonight, but -- you know, as far

06:55	1	as people saying that mentioning that there
06:55	2	potentially could be damage to their basement so
06:55	3	I'd be prepared for that one. But
06:55	4	MR. ENDRES: Yep.
06:55	5	MR. WANGGAARD: have you got any
06:55	6	physical stations set up currently now? I know
06:55	7	that you may have had one by a gentleman who read
06:55	8	about a quarry.
06:55	9	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. Nathan Splice. We
06:55	10	had one. And then Derek, our blasting manager, is
06:55	11	not here, but Clint, do you know the exact
06:55	12	MR. WENINGER: So we have right now
06:55	13	Because most of Well, since we've owned it, all
06:55	14	the blasting has been in the west quarry. We have
06:55	15	two permanent seismographs set up over there.
06:55	16	One's at 2520 3 Mile Road, I believe, and up by the
06:55	17	property to the northwest corner by the old fire
06:56	18	station training facility or whatever you want to
06:56	19	call that piece up there.
06:56	20	So those are two permanent seismographs,
06:56	21	but we also have the flexibility to set up portable
06:56	22	ones. If we have neighbors call and say, "Hey, I'd
06:56	23	like you to measure it at my house," we can take a
06:56	24	portable one, set it and get a portable one in
06:56	25	addition to the permanent ones. Those are the two

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06:57

that we have right now.

MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. And then one last question here. Dust monitor. What are we doing --What's being done for dust monitoring? I know that's -- Again, that's going to be another thing that's going to be brought up, and I'm going to ask you now what we're doing for dust monitoring here within the village and how that works.

MR. ENDRES: Sure. So what we do right now is we have an environmental department. with the State of Wisconsin and the permits that we have, with our track record with them and with the status of the operation that we are, we're considered a low-volume potential for any kind of pollution.

So we have trained people that do visual emissions testing. So all the pieces of equipment have to be visually inspected for dust and opacity along with filling out our daily workplace inspections, and all this stuff gets submitted to the DNR, and that's how they monitor us through our own environmental department. So there's daily, weekly, and monthly reports that we have to submit to the DNR, and then there's our environmental managers that have to actually go down and visually

06:57	1	inspect all of the equipment.
06:57	2	MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. That's all I have
06:57	3	for now. Thank you.
06:57	4	MR. MINORIK: Can you put the slide up on
06:57	5	the screen the property you owned in the '40s or
06:57	6	'50s?
06:57	7	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. Sure.
06:57	8	MR. MINORIK: The two that go from '55 to
06:57	9	'15.
06:57	10	MR. ENDRES: That one?
06:58	11	MR. MINORIK: So that's the property that
06:58	12	you owned back in 1955?
06:58	13	MR. ENDRES: No. That's the property
06:58	14	that we own now. It was just showing an air photo
06:58	15	from 1955.
06:58	16	MR. MINORIK: Okay. Could you maybe help
06:58	17	us understand what you owned in 1955?
06:58	18	MR. ENDRES: Off the top of my head I
06:58	19	can't tell you exactly what we owned in 1955
06:58	20	because we acquired this from Vulcan in '13, and we
06:58	21	have not purchased any new land since we bought it
06:58	22	from Vulcan. So we can get you that if you want to
06:58	23	know exactly what was what.
06:58	24	MR. WENINGER: I don't have it, but I
06:58	25	think the village attorney has a map that has the

06:58	1	property we bought. Well, we can get you that.
06:58	2	MR. MINORIK: All right. And I guess you
06:58	3	mentioned that if you were to develop the I
06:58	4	think it's 14 acres to the east, that it would
06:58	5	It would prolong operation for 20 to 25 years.
06:58	6	MR. WENINGER: Yeah.
06:58	7	MR. MINORIK: If, for whatever reason,
06:58	8	this is not granted, how many years how many
06:59	9	months, days do you have left of operation with the
06:59	10	current
06:59	11	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. So that's been a
06:59	12	misnomer out there. We have a permanent crushing
06:59	13	spread that's set up down in the hole that's on
06:59	14	concrete footings and electrical. And if we take
06:59	15	that down, then Ethan is going to get his
06:59	16	pointer going there then we can mine all the
06:59	17	reserves underneath that, and we still have our
06:59	18	20 acres on the east of Charles Street to mine.
06:59	19	So we're saying we have two or three
06:59	20	years left before we have to take that crushing
06:59	21	spread down and then mine the stuff with portable
	22	stuff. Take out the permanent stuff, bring in our
06:59	23	portable operations and continue mining.
06:59	24	MR. MINORIK: So the answer is between
06:59	25	two and three years?

06:59	1	MR. ENDRES: No. So the answer is
06:59	2	there's probably another seven, eight years
06:59	3	underneath that.
06:59	4	AUDIENCE MEMBER: On the east or the
06:59	5	west? On the east hole or the west hole?
06:59	6	MR. MINORIK: If you were not to have any
07:00	7	additional permitting for mining, you're saying
07:00	8	that you've got enough granite or stone here to
07:00	9	work another seven or eight years? Is that what
07:00	10	you're saying?
07:00	11	MR. ENDRES: Yes. But that would be a
07:00	12	considerable cost to take down the permanent
07:00	13	crushing equipment that's there. So without boring
07:00	14	you with too many details, when you're set up with
07:00	15	permanent stuff, it's much larger. So the impact
07:00	16	of taking out the large operation and bringing in
07:00	17	portable stuff is it's much slower production, so
07:00	18	then the end cost to the user goes up as well. So
07:00	19	it's much more efficient to do what we have there
07:00	20	right now.
07:00	21	MR. MINORIK: All right. And you also
07:00	22	had a slide that talks about number of employees.
07:00	23	MR. ENDRES: Um-hum.
07:00	24	MR. MINORIK: Can you bring that slide
07:00	25	up?

	1	MR. ENDRES: Sure.
07:00	2	MR. MINORIK: Okay. So there's 1,376
07:00	3	employees within Payne & Dolan's company.
07:01	4	MR. ENDRES: Um-hum.
07:01	5	MR. MINORIK: And you mentioned that
07:01	6	you're in Wisconsin, you're in Michigan, upper
07:01	7	Michigan and that sort of thing. How many FTEs
07:01	8	work at this quarry?
07:01	9	MR. ENDRES: So the full-time
07:01	10	MR. MINORIK: currently?
07:01	11	MR. ENDRES: employees at the Racine
07:01	12	quarry I think are 12 right now. It varies because
07:01	13	depending on what projects we're working on, we
07:01	14	might move some of our employees in or out. So
07:01	15	it's on average at least 8, and it could be upwards
07:01	16	of 12.
07:01	17	MR. MINORIK: And if this all moves
07:01	18	forward and you get all your necessary permits, how
07:01	19	many employees would you have at that point? Is it
07:01	20	consistent? Would it grow?
07:01	21	MR. ENDRES: It's consistent. It would
07:01	22	keep the employees that we have there. We wouldn't
07:01	23	have to add more.
07:01	24	MR. MINORIK: Okay.
07:01	25	MR. DOBBS: Mr. Wanggaard?

07:01	1	MR. WANGGAARD: Just to follow up on
07:01	2	Joe's question as far as for the mining area or the
07:01	3	area that you'd have to mine, is that the area that
07:01	4	you're going to basically vacate if you get the
07:02	5	expansion?
07:02	6	MR. ENDRES: Shall we pull up an aerial
07:02	7	on that?
07:02	8	MR. WANGGAARD: Yeah. Whichever one that
07:02	9	shows the part you're going to lose or you're go to
07:02	10	dedicate to I'm not sure which one it was.
07:02	11	MR. ENDRES: Sure. You can go to that
07:02	12	one. So in this slide here
07:02	13	MR. WANGGAARD: Yeah. That one.
07:02	14	MR. ENDRES: We have the The bottom
07:02	15	central area is the 20 acres that we currently have
07:02	16	M-4 zoning on. The 14 acres in red is our what
07:02	17	we're requesting for the CUP. That area in red is
07:02	18	the only area that would be additional reserves
07:02	19	mined from what we can already mine. And then
07:02	20	Charles Street is that squiggle you know, the
07:02	21	curve in the middle.
07:02	22	So everything to the east in that farm
07:02	23	field that says "Deed restricted, no future
07:02	24	mining," that's what we're, in theory, giving up.
07:02	25	MR. MINORIK: The non-conforming portion.

07:02	1	MR. ENDRES: Oh. The non-conforming
07:03	2	portion is the hashed blue. There's 3 acres of
07:03	3	non-conforming that we would be giving up to have
07:03	4	an additional buffer on the east and on the south.
07:03	5	MR. WANGGAARD: Do you have to give that
07:03	6	up?
07:03	7	MR. ENDRES: No. No. We could draw that
07:03	8	line and be
07:03	9	MR. WANGGAARD: So that's something you
07:03	10	could mine.
07:03	11	MR. ENDRES: Yes.
07:03	12	MR. WANGGAARD: What do you think you
07:03	13	would get out of there?
07:03	14	MR. ENDRES: Now you're going to make me
07:03	15	do math.
07:03	16	MR. WANGGAARD: No. No.
07:03	17	MR. ENDRES: It would be If it's
07:03	18	MR. WENINGER: It's 3 acres, and the rest
07:03	19	is about 30. It's about 10 percent of the total
07:03	20	project.
07:03	21	MR. ENDRES: So about 10 percent of the
07:03	22	20 million ton, so a couple million ton.
07:03	23	MR. WANGGAARD: And then I've got just
07:03	24	more that I forgot to ask before. The reclamation,
07:03	25	you've got in here that National Assurance has

07:03	1	posted with Racine County to make sure reclamation
07:03	2	is completed. How does that work?
07:03	3	MR. ENDRES: Jarmen may answer that
07:03	4	better than us, but we're
07:04	5	MR. WENINGER: I can give it to you. So
07:04	6	every aggregate site, as I mentioned before, in the
07:04	7	state of Wisconsin has had to have financial
07:04	8	assurance in place. So if somebody just walks away
07:04	9	that there's monies there that the reclamation can
07:04	10	make good.
07:04	11	So we use what we call reclamation bonds
07:04	12	and put those in place. Right now the current one
07:04	13	is, I think, approximately \$327,000 that's in
07:04	14	place. We would have to increase that amount, and
07:04	15	I included that in the application materials even
07:04	16	though that's done by Racine County. Racine County
07:04	17	is the one that holds that bond because they have
07:04	18	the NR135 reclamation permit. So we'd have to
07:04	19	increase that bond. I think the number was
07:04	20	slightly over \$500,000. So we'd be increasing it
07:04	21	by about 55 percent over what's there today.
07:04	22	But I think a lot of those development
07:04	23	activities Actually, the reclamation gets done
07:05	24	a good portion of that, with the exception of
07:05	25	taking the berm out, while we're actively

1 operating. 07:05 2 MR. WANGGAARD: Is that reclamation --07:05 It's an ongoing reclamation or is that reclamation 3 07:05 after 20 years or is that reclamation after --4 07:05 The final reclamation here MR. WENINGER: 5 07:05 would be at the completion of the life of the site 6 07:05 so because we'd want to leave those berms up until 7 07:05 8 all the rock is extracted in that site because 07:05 9 they're providing a good visual buffer from the 07:05 10 road in there, so it wouldn't make any sense if we 07:05 11 just mined this portion out and then reclaimed it 07:05 12 because you would just be able to see in there 07:05 until we mined out the portion underneath the 13 07:05 14 crushing plant that Brian mentioned earlier. 07:05 15 So you'd leave that up until all that 07:05 16 rock was complete, and then you would reclaim the 07:05 slopes at that time, take the berms down, the 17 07:05 18 planted things down, and grade it off at that time. 07:05 19 I'm not sure if I'm --07:05 20 MR. WANGGAARD: Well, I'm just trying to 07:05 21 figure out if that's -- you know, does the money --07:05 22 How do you keep current on what that -- You know, 07:06 23 \$527,000 to me doesn't seem a lot potentially later 07:06 24 on to reclaim. So that's what I'm trying to grasp 07:06 25 at.

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MR. WENINGER: Okay. So there's -- The reclamation ordinances allow for adjustments to those bonds over time to allow for increased costs. So just because that's the amount that's proven out and the cost of living or the consumer price index goes up, that bond can then be adjusted, and it follows that to make sure that it covers the actual reclamation cost.

MR. WANGGAARD: Do we track? Does the county track that?

MR. WENINGER: Racine County tracks that per their reclamation ordinance, and it's their responsibility to do that. But we combined that and did that in conjunction here because those were questions that we knew you were going to ask, and we wanted to make sure that we knew how that part worked. So that's why we included that reclamation section in our application as well.

MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. Thank you.

MR. DOBBS: I have a follow-up question in reference to Joe's question just so everybody understands, and I think I do. The bottom right-hand portion here to the east of Charles where they used to have a work yard out there, you can mine that right now, and that's where you would

07:07	1	get your seven years out of, something more in the
07:07	2	hole.
07:07	3	MR. ENDRES: Correct.
07:07	4	MR. DOBBS: You can dig another hole, so
07:07	5	Charles Street would have a big hole on both
07:07	6	sides
07:07	7	MR. ENDRES: Correct.
07:07	8	MR. DOBBS: right now.
07:07	9	MR. ENDRES: Yes.
07:07	10	MR. DOBBS: I have a bunch of questions
07:07	11	too. From your manual that you provided us, if you
07:07	12	can grab a copy of that. I wanted to ask you on a
07:07	13	couple pages.
07:07	14	Section 2, Page 18, "Special Situations,"
07:07	15	something about the village engineer or I could
07:07	16	authorize you to do some over hours of work. Has
07:07	17	that ever happened?
07:07	18	MR. WENINGER: No, not since we have
07:07	19	owned the property. That was hours that were
07:07	20	agreed to with Vulcan. I'm not sure when. We kept
07:07	21	that consistent with what was in their proposal at
07:07	22	that time, but we have never asked in the five
07:08	23	years we've owned it.
07:08	24	MR. DOBBS: Okay. Section 2, Page 19,
07:08	25	No. 12, there's some reference there to trucks

07:08	1	using Charles Street. If there's a new Charles
07:08	2	Street, they will no longer use Charles Street.
07:08	3	Correct?
07:08	4	MR. WENINGER: The only That was just
07:08	5	referring to the entrance just maybe 50 or 100 feet
07:08	6	off of 3 Mile Road.
07:08	7	MR. DOBBS: Right now?
07:08	8	MR. WENINGER: Right now.
07:08	9	MR. DOBBS: But if there's a new Charles
07:08	10	Street, trucks will have no need to go there.
07:08	11	There will be no exit there.
07:08	12	MR. WENINGER: Correct. Yeah.
07:08	13	MR. DOBBS: Okay. Section 2, Page 20
07:08	14	references "Rules and Regulations." You noticed
07:08	15	You mentioned earlier you have a lot of different
07:08	16	people that you report to. Have you ever been
07:08	17	cited by any of these agencies at this site since
07:08	18	you took over?
07:08	19	MR. ENDRES: No.
07:08	20	MR. DOBBS: Section 3, Page 6, you
07:08	21	mentioned that you take out of this mine .8 to
07:08	22	1.2 million tons of stone per year. Where does
07:09	23	that go? Wisconsin? Illinois? All around the
07:09	24	country? Any rough guesstimates?
07:09	25	MR. ENDRES: Sure. Predominantly

07:09	1	Wisconsin, and we do ship some via rail into
07:09	2	Illinois. I would say greater than 60 percent of
07:09	3	it is locally here. If Illinois has a spike year,
07:09	4	it could be 40 percent, but it's usually only like
07:09	5	25 percent.
07:09	6	MR. DOBBS: With the new area opening up,
07:09	7	what volumes would you produce and where will it
07:09	8	go?
07:09	9	MR. ENDRES: We actually think the
07:09	10	volumes will be consistent because right now the
07:09	11	area that's requiring aggregate, they're pulling a
07:09	12	lot of it from western Racine County, and we
07:09	13	actually, because of this project, have been
07:09	14	conserving our reserves for our local customers
07:09	15	instead of, you know, some of the additional work
07:09	16	that's there. So we think that, you know, that
07:09	17	range of, you know, 800 to 1.2 is a range that will
07:09	18	be consistent going forward.
07:09	19	MR. DOBBS: Of the current volumes
07:09	20	shipped, what percent is trucked and what percent
07:10	21	is sent out via railcars?
07:10	22	MR. ENDRES: Oh, man. It does vary, but
07:10	23	I would say it's probably on the high end
07:10	24	80 percent trucked, 20 percent railed; and on the
07:10	25	low end for trucking probably 60 percent and

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40 percent rail, but that depends on the economy in Illinois and the local economy up here. We're not the end user in Illinois. We actually, as odd as it sounds, sell to Vulcan Materials in a rail yard they own in Illinois.

So what I can say to that, though, is the proposed project area will not be adding truck traffic to the area. It is going to be consistent with what we're doing now. We're just increasing the life that we have at this quarry.

MR. DOBBS: That was my next question.

Blasting. I think Mr. Wanggaard touched on that.

How far away from a blast can you actually feel it or hear it? How many blocks away?

MR. ENDRES: So there are many factors that can affect that. On a cloudy day or an overcast day, the air blast can travel, so you'll notice it more like a thunderstorm. What I can tell you is -- I can't give you an exact lineal distance, but what I can tell you is that the reason you have seismographs right at the property lines like that is to get the maximum possible peak velocity in hertz that could be leaving your property because, like anything else, it dissipates over distance. So if you have your readings right

07.11	1	at your own property line, there's no way it can be
07:11		
07:11	2	higher farther away.
	3	MR. DOBBS: It would be interesting to
	4	see, with some of the folks out there talking and
07:11	5	getting unnerved, if you live close to those
07:12	6	railroad tracks too, I'd be curious to see if you
07:12	7	feel that every day I was just wondering and
07:12	8	with the airport, the planes flying over, if you
07:12	9	feel the vibrations from that. I'm curious what
07:12	10	the differences are.
07:12	11	Verifying And you mentioned you would
07:12	12	do a pre-survey of anyone's home prior to new
07:12	13	blasting?
07:12	14	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. So what we've done in
07:12	15	other operations is, like I said, we hire a
07:12	16	third-party outside company that comes in at the
07:12	17	homeowner's request. If you don't want it, you
07:12	18	don't have to have it, but they perform a pre-blast
07:12	19	survey where they look through the entire house,
07:12	20	the basement up through the stories, and they
07:12	21	document video any cracks, crevices, anything
07:12	22	that's there, and then you'd have a baseline.
07:12	23	You'd have a record that can help you prove if you
07:12	24	think you have a claim going forward.
07:12	25	And also, we're big fans of it because it

07:12	1	helps us as well. Because without going on too big
07:12	2	of a tangent, and I know it's hard to believe, but
07:12	3	just living in Wisconsin and going from today of
07:12	4	hot and humid to minus 15 and dry, the
07:13	5	environmental strains that Mother Nature puts on
07:13	6	our homes are multiples more, multiples more than
07:13	7	what we do.
07:13	8	It doesn't mean you don't notice us. It
07:13	9	doesn't mean you don't, you know, feel it like a
07:13	10	thunderstorm, but we can prove with science that's
07:13	11	not created by ourselves that we're not physically
07:13	12	damaging your property.
07:13	13	MR. DOBBS: I thought it interesting you
07:13	14	said that you will verify and contact people via
07:13	15	phone or text when you plan to blast. You
07:13	16	mentioned "phone."
	17	MR. ENDRES: Um-hum.
07:13	18	MR. DOBBS: You currently offer this
07:13	19	service, and only four people have opted in?
07:13	20	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. We have It's part
07:13	21	of the ordinance. We do have a Whoever is in
07:13	22	our radius for the blasting ordinance, you can opt
07:13	23	in to be in that if you want, and we do make those
07:13	24	calls or texts.
07:13	25	MR. DOBBS: Okay. Section 3, Page 14,

07:13	1	No. 4, Sub O. I just wrote down "Meaning." I
07:13	2	didn't know what that meant, whatever it was. Let
07:13	3	me find it. I wasn't sure what that Could you
07:14	4	read it? What is it in plain English for me
07:14	5	whatever that was supposed to be?
07:14	6	MR. WENINGER: So 4, Sub 0?
07:14	7	MR. DOBBS: Section 3, Page 14, Sub 4,
07:14	8	Sub 0.
07:14	9	MR. WENINGER: Right at the bottom of the
07:14	10	page?
07:14	11	MR. DOBBS: Yes. In green.
07:14	12	MR. WENINGER: That's actually the
07:14	13	language that's in your mining ordinance. So all
07:14	14	this in green is language from there. And I think
07:14	15	it's just in there because we say, you know, we can
07:14	16	have .8 million one year to 1.2. Well, what
07:14	17	happens if we come in at .65 million tons per year?
07:15	18	That's what we know based on market conditions at
07:15	19	this point in time. They're going to vary some.
07:15	20	We all understand that, but you asked for some
07:15	21	baseline information, so we were trying to provide
07:15	22	it.
07:15	23	MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Earlier we were
07:15	24	talking about 25 to 30 years of quarry life if this
07:15	25	is approved. How many years would it take after

07:15	1	you're done to fill up with water?
07:15	2	MR. ENDRES: Well, that, obviously, will
07:15	3	be based on a little bit of Mother Nature, but it
07:15	4	will be at least ten years. And I will go back.
07:15	5	On the blasting
07:15	6	Ethan, can you pull up that slide? Just
07:15	7	to frame up what we're talking about here, on
07:15	8	average, I know it probably seems like a lot, but
07:15	9	we have That one.
07:15	10	So this is a four-year average: 2014,
07:15	11	'15, '16, '17. The number of blasts per year, the
07:15	12	days that we did the blasts, and the number of
07:15	13	blasts per day. So if you take a four-year
07:15	14	average, we're talking about 65 blasts over 32 days
07:16	15	out of 365 days a year.
07:16	16	So we understand that that's the most
07:16	17	probably noticeable part of our operation. We take
07:16	18	great strides to minimize any adverse, you know,
07:16	19	annoyance factor that we can have. We know we're
07:16	20	not damaging structures, but a snapshot just for a
07:16	21	picture of what we're actually doing.
07:16	22	Thanks, Ethan.
07:16	23	MR. DOBBS: And I just had one question
07:16	24	about when this is all done. There will be enough
07:16	25	room if the village or someone at that point

07:16	1	chooses to put homes along that lake. The lots are
07:16	2	big enough?
07:16	3	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. Those will be I
07:16	4	don't have the dimensions off the top of my head.
07:16	5	Clint, I don't know if you know, but it's at least,
07:16	6	what, 200 feet?
07:16	7	MR. WENINGER: No. I think it's about
07:16	8	120, I think.
07:16	9	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. Depth or width?
	10	MR. WENINGER: Depth.
07:16	11	MR. ENDRES: 120 feet deep at least. So,
07:17	12	I mean, you can do any kind of mixed development
07:17	13	there, whether you're doing condos or single-family
07:17	14	or mixed use with a park. It would be pretty nice,
07:17	15	actually. And that will be a 200-some-foot-deep
07:17	16	lake. It will probably have lake trout in it.
07:17	17	MR. DOBBS: That's all the questions I
07:17	18	have. Anyone else from Do the commissioners
07:17	19	have any other questions?
07:17	20	MR. FOLK: I just have one question, and
07:17	21	it's a follow-up to President Dobbs' question. You
07:17	22	did make comment that there's been no citations
07:17	23	made from the EPA, the DNR, et cetera. How many
07:17	24	formal complaints have been filed with that
07:17	25	organization for this site?

07:17	1	MR. ENDRES: So I will say, with Clint
07:17	2	backing me up, we have received none through the
07:17	3	DNR, and only locally recently what we spoke about
07:17	4	on Douglas Avenue that we've been working very
07:17	5	diligently to resolve.
07:17	6	MR. FOLK: Thank you.
07:17	7	MR. DOBBS: Anyone else from the
07:17	8	commissioners? Any trustees have any questions at
07:18	9	this point? Fran? You have to speak up. I don't
07:18	10	think you have a mic.
07:18	11	MS. MARTIN: No, I don't have a
07:18	12	microphone either but I'll stand up.
07:18	13	MR. DOBBS: We'll bring one to you so
07:18	14	people can hear you.
07:18	15	MS. MARTIN: I'll shout. Oh, okay. Fran
07:18	16	Martin speaking in case you're in the hall and you
07:18	17	can't see me. I have some post-reclamation
07:18	18	questions both if you do or if you don't get added
07:18	19	area. So if you don't get the added area, what
07:18	20	tell us basically what the reclamation plan is.
07:18	21	What would be left?
07:18	22	MR. ENDRES: Sure. Ethan, can you pull
07:18	23	that one up?
07:18	24	MS. MARTIN: And that's for the west side
07:18	25	of Douglas Avenue and the east side of Douglas

Avenue. 1 2 MR. ENDRES: Yeah. Go back to the 07:18 earlier one. So we'll start with the west one. 07:18 What we would do is turn off the pumps, let it fill 4 07:18 up with water, and the area you can see in green 5 07:18 around would be sloped in to the quarry, because 6 07:18 that is a -- part of the quarry that was developed 7 07:19 8 later where there actually were some reclamation 07:19 9 quidelines. So we've inherited that from Vulcan. 07:19 10 We would just slope that in it, and it would be 07:19 11 done. 07:19 The area to the east --12 07:19 13 MS. MARTIN: Let me stop you for a 07:19 14 Is there room in that area, in that kind 07:19 15 of margin around it that's in green, to put homes 07:19 in or what is that? What could become of that? 16 07:19 17 MR. WENINGER: Is your question in the 07:19 18 west quarry, is there room? 07:19 19 MS. MARTIN: Yeah. The one on the other 20 side of Douglas. 21 MR. WENINGER: No. There would not be 07:19 any room to do that. Most of the room between the 22 07:19 07:19 23 rock and the property line will be taken up with a 24 safety shelf and then a nice slope to the property 07:19 25 line. 07:19

07.40	1	MS. MARTIN: So what would it be, just a
07:19		
07:19	2	landlocked lake, basically, or what?
07:19	3	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. It will just be a
07:19	4	graded and seeded slope to the water that, you
07:19	5	know, you couldn't build anything on.
07:19	6	MS. MARTIN: Okay. So
07:19	7	MR. ENDRES: And those are the limits
07:19	8	that we inherited from Vulcan when they went
07:20	9	200 feet off. And due to the top of the rock and
07:20	10	top of the overburden or the dirt, the angle to get
07:20	11	any kind of a reclaimed slope is so wide that it
07:20	12	doesn't allow you any buildable space there. So
07:20	13	that's what in our proposal we're actually doing
07:20	14	differently so that the end use there's actually
07:20	15	flat area as you saw that's buildable space.
07:20	16	So the west quarry as it or excuse me
07:20	17	east quarry as it sits, because of it's starting
07:20	18	free any NR135, there's only one little area on the
07:20	19	south side that would be available for anything
07:20	20	green, so to speak. Everything else would just be
07:20	21	vertical walls.
07:20	22	MS. MARTIN: Okay. Because one of my
07:20	23	concerns is that we currently have a quarry, a
07:20	24	quarry park, so we have some experience with a
07:20	25	reclaimed quarry. And that quarry was wonderful

07:20	1	and beautiful to swim in 20 years ago because I
07:20	2	swam in it, and then it became a disaster.
07:20	3	So one of my concerns is what would
07:21	4	happen to these quarries? Who would own them? Who
07:21	5	would be responsible for maintaining them?
07:21	6	MR. ENDRES: Sure. Well, I don't I
07:21	7	think Quarry Park is considerably smaller. Right?
07:21	8	It's not a 101-acre body of water.
07:21	9	MS. MARTIN: It's not 101 acres, I'm
07:21	10	sure.
07:21	11	MR. ENDRES: So I think So depending
07:21	12	on And that's The reason that we didn't come
07:21	13	with an end use plan to get approved now is we
07:21	14	really want to give the village the opportunity to
07:21	15	dictate what they'd like to see down the road.
07:21	16	So if there's public access with a boat
07:21	17	landing, then it becomes basically a DNR body of
07:21	18	water. So, you know, it would be a body of water
07:21	19	of the state.
07:21	20	So with respect to this type of a lake,
07:21	21	101 acres, 250 feet deep, I think it's going to be
07:21	22	some really nice water. If you're If Quarry
07:21	23	Park has got a bunch of like algae and weeds, if
07:21	24	that's the concern, I don't think you're going to
07:21	25	have that this with.

07:21	1	MS. MARTIN: It did not, but it does now,
07:21	2	and that's a county park. And my concern is,
07:22	3	again, the county owns that park. It decided at
07:22	4	some point to stop maintaining it. It required
07:22	5	maintenance. And I'm not confident that this
07:22	6	wouldn't also require maintenance or be left to
07:22	7	become kind of a sinkhole. That's a serious
07:22	8	concern of mine. So I'm just wondering what
07:22	9	assurances you can give me that that wouldn't
07:22	10	happen other than saying you don't think it would?
07:22	11	MR. ENDRES: Well, the assurance I can
07:22	12	give you is that in the end when we reclaim, we'll
07:22	13	still own all the land around it, and the Village
07:22	14	of Caledonia at that time can say, "Absolutely
07:22	15	nothing can go on here. You own it." Then it's
07:22	16	our problem forever.
07:22	17	MS. MARTIN: Well, Payne & Dolan or your
07:22	18	successor, whoever you sell it to.
07:22	19	MR. ENDRES: Correct. If we're going to
07:22	20	sell, yeah. It would still be their responsibility
07:22	21	until something is developed there.
07:22	22	MS. MARTIN: And again, because in my
07:22	23	past life I was a lawyer and I know that bad things
07:22	24	happen, one of my concerns would be that it gets
07:22	25	spun off to some entity that then goes bankrupt and

07:22	1	then the village is left with a big hole in the
07:23	2	ground and no assets to maintain it. So I am
07:23	3	hoping you can provide some assurance, and perhaps
07:23	4	your restoration bond would do that?
07:23	5	MR. ENDRES: Sure. Our reclamation bond
07:23	6	will assure the village through the county that it
07:23	7	will be reclaimed when we're done. And since there
07:23	8	is no end reclamation development plan being
07:23	9	proposed here and hypothetically approved through
07:23	10	this process, we're going to be owning the land.
07:23	11	So if we sold it to someone else, they
07:23	12	would have to come through the village and get
07:23	13	approval for whatever they want to build in there,
07:23	14	so you'd still have that leverage over whoever
07:23	15	bought it from us to supply some sort of guarantee
07:23	16	that it's not going to fall into the village's
07:23	17	hands. Make sense?
07:23	18	MS. MARTIN: Well, my concern is that it
07:23	19	could be spun off into an entity that then files
07:23	20	bankruptcy and then is done, because that happens.
07:23	21	MR. ENDRES: Sure. But Yeah.
07:23	22	MS. MARTIN: I'm just trying to look down
07:23	23	the road 20 years from now and say "Did we leave
07:24	24	Caledonia" I won't be around, but "Did we leave
07:24	25	Caledonia with a big hole in the ground?"

07:24	1	MR. WENINGER: Well, the project that we
07:24	2	did in Big Bend that we showed you had, you know, a
07:24	3	29-acre lake on there, and we had an interesting
07:24	4	discussion at this point of the process there,
07:24	5	"Should it be a public body of water or should it
07:24	6	be private?" And in the end, the village didn't
07:24	7	want anything to do with it because they felt they
07:24	8	had enough park land by the river, so they said,
07:24	9	"We're going to keep it private."
07:24	10	So actually, all of those homes that have
07:24	11	part ownership in there, we were able to provide
07:24	12	maintenance to that was also then put into the
07:24	13	developer's agreement and to the deed restrictions
07:24	14	on all those property lots. So if we have
07:24	15	substantial property here that we can develop at
07:24	16	the end with that 17 acres, there's going to be
07:24	17	people that are going to want to live on that lake
07:25	18	and take ownership and maintain it just for their
07:25	19	own benefit and recreational purposes.
07:25	20	MS. MARTIN: That would then be their
07:25	21	responsibility?
07:25	22	MR. WENINGER: Correct.
07:25	23	MS. MARTIN: Another concern I have, and
07:25	24	it may be overly technical, but deed restrictions,
07:25	25	in my experience, can be lifted by the property

07:25	1	owner. They're not the same thing as something
07:25	2	that's imposed upon it by the by any
07:25	3	governmental entity.
07:25	4	So what assurance do we have that it's a
07:25	5	deed restriction that can't be lifted by whoever
07:25	6	owns it?
07:25	7	MR. ENDRES: Are you talking about the
07:25	8	lake now or what we're proposing?
07:25	9	MS. MARTIN: No. The property afterwards
	10	that can never be mined.
07:25	11	MR. ENDRES: You tell us. We're telling
07:25	12	you on record here that we're not going to come
07:25	13	back and ask to mine that. So if it's something
07:25	14	other than a deed restriction And I'm speaking
07:25	15	to an attorney. You probably know better than I.
07:25	16	MS. MARTIN: It's not my area, but
07:25	17	MR. ENDRES: Whatever counsel for
07:25	18	Caledonia wants to call it, we'll call it that. We
07:25	19	were just, for my own layperson speak, trying to
07:25	20	prove a point that we're not going to come back and
07:26	21	try to go east of Charles Street.
07:26	22	MS. MARTIN: Okay. That's fine.
07:26	23	MR. DOBBS: Mr. Pruitt?
07:26	24	MR. PRUITT: The deed restriction could
07:26	25	not be lifted by Payne & Dolan, at least the way

07:26	1	that we draft them. It would have to be lifted by
07:26	2	the village. Sometimes you put on a super majority
07:26	3	voting requirement to make it difficult for a
07:26	4	future village board to lift it. But ultimately,
07:26	5	to be deleted or lifted, it would require the
07:26	6	village to act on that, but it would not be
07:26	7	something that the property owner, Payne & Dolan,
07:26	8	or your successor could do on its own.
07:26	9	MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Any other
07:26	10	questions from the village board? Mr. Wishau?
07:26	11	MR. WISHAU: Well, Fran, asked most of my
07:26	12	questions. However, I do have a couple more.
07:26	13	Section 10. You've got reclamation examples here.
07:27	14	We talked about the Village of Big Bend decided not
07:27	15	to own the property. When was this completed?
07:27	16	MR. WENINGER: As far as the Village of
07:27	17	Big Bend project?
07:27	18	MR. WISHAU: Yes.
07:27	19	MR. WENINGER: The grading was completed
07:27	20	approximately 2008, 2009, and that was right at the
07:27	21	time when the housing market went way down, as we
07:27	22	all know. So the village and us worked together on
07:27	23	putting that on hold until the market bounced back.
07:27	24	And then when it looked like things were coming
07:27	25	back, we finished that off. It would have been two

07:27	1	years ago now that we've finished that off and sold
07:27	2	that off.
07:27	3	MR. WISHAU: Okay. And what have your
07:27	4	maintenance costs been since you've finished it
07:27	5	off, roughly?
07:28	6	MR. WENINGER: We don't have any
07:28	7	maintenance costs to it because all those lots have
07:28	8	been sold. It's The homeowners are now
07:28	9	responsible for everything.
07:28	10	MR. WISHAU: Okay.
07:28	11	MR. WENINGER: The only cost that the
07:28	12	village has there is maintaining the streets
07:28	13	similar to any other subdivision; snow plowing.
07:28	14	MR. WISHAU: Okay. Let's back up one
07:28	15	page. You've given some additional examples here.
07:28	16	Klahn pit in Dane County. There's several pictures
07:28	17	here. It looks like it's completed. Is that
07:28	18	correct?
07:28	19	MR. WENINGER: Correct. Yes, sir.
07:28	20	MR. WISHAU: And who owns the property on
07:28	21	this parcel?
07:28	22	MR. WENINGER: That is a private piece of
07:28	23	property. So the landowner that We leased that
07:28	24	piece of property, operated it under a mineral
07:28	25	extraction lease, and then the owner maintained

07:28	1	that ownership through the whole process and still
07:28	2	owns it today.
07:28	3	MR. WISHAU: Okay. So it's not the
07:28	4	homeowners that own it.
07:28	5	MR. WENINGER: No. Those homeowners are
07:29	6	actually in the village, and that pit is actually
07:29	7	in the township. So it's right on the
07:29	8	village/township border.
07:29	9	MR. WISHAU: But the land the lake
07:29	10	itself is privately owned by whomever you leased it
07:29	11	from.
07:29	12	MR. WENINGER: Correct.
07:29	13	MR. WISHAU: And are they the ones
07:29	14	responsible for the maintenance costs?
07:29	15	MR. WENINGER: Yes, sir. We did all the
07:29	16	reclamation, so there's really no maintenance costs
07:29	17	except for if they decide to mow the grass around
07:29	18	it or anything like that.
07:29	19	MR. WISHAU: Well, how deep is this pond
07:29	20	in Dane County?
07:29	21	MR. WENINGER: This pond is approximately
07:29	22	35 feet at its deepest.
07:29	23	MR. WISHAU: Okay. And there's no
07:29	24	problems with invasive species or any of the
07:29	25	problems we're seeing in the Racine County quarry?

07:29	1	MR. WENINGER: No.
07:29	2	MR. WISHAU: None?
07:29	3	MR. WENINGER: No.
07:29	4	MR. WISHAU: Would it be possible to view
07:29	5	this property? Could you give us the address of
07:29	6	where it's at?
07:29	7	MR. WENINGER: I sure can. I can do that
07:29	8	for you.
07:29	9	MR. WISHAU: Okay. Another question.
07:29	10	The Prager pit, is that completed?
07:30	11	MR. WENINGER: The Prager pit reclamation
07:30	12	is not complete yet. We are currently selling off
07:30	13	stockpile materials there on the portion that we
07:30	14	can't reclaim yet, but it is predominantly Most
07:30	15	of the mineral extraction has occurred, so we've
07:30	16	got stockpiles we're selling off, and then those
07:30	17	areas where those stockpiles are need to be
07:30	18	reclaimed yet.
07:30	19	MR. ENDRES: So Prager is a good example.
07:30	20	We reclaim as we go, so we don't just leave an open
07:30	21	scar until the end and then try to reclaim
07:30	22	everything. So We can pull up some of the
07:30	23	pictures. When we're done with an area and we
07:30	24	can't get it reclaimed, we want to get it reclaimed
07:30	25	and back to farmland, in this example, as fast as

07:30	1	we can. So we can see some pictures here we're
07:30	2	mining, we're mining beneath the water, and then
07:30	3	the picture below is in the fall, so we had just
07:30	4	gotten it top soiled and seeded, and then now it's
07:30	5	back into the crop rotation, actually, as we're
07:30	6	continuing to the south.
07:30	7	There's another picture. The top picture
07:30	8	is while we were currently mining. The bottom
07:31	9	picture is reclaimed and ready to be start growing.
07:31	10	MR. WISHAU: Just so I understand
07:31	11	correct, do you own the property?
07:31	12	MR. ENDRES: No. This is another site
07:31	13	that we lease from call it a farmer that owns a
07:31	14	couple-hundred-acre field. It's got sand and
07:31	15	gravel on it. We leased it from him. We do the
07:31	16	all the work, all the reclamation, and then they
07:31	17	farm it.
07:31	18	MR. WISHAU: Do you have any examples of
07:31	19	reclamation projects where you still own the
07:31	20	property and maintain the property?
07:31	21	MR. ENDRES: We have partials, like where
07:31	22	we're currently still mining like in the
07:31	23	MR. WISHAU: None that are completed?
07:31	24	MR. ENDRES: Well, what I'll say is like
07:31	25	the Village of Rochester in Waterford, we have a

07:31	1	600-acre site that we're currently mining. It's
07:31	2	going to last for many, many years, but we have
07:31	3	sections of it that we've reclaimed as we go, and
07:31	4	the body of water, if you want to see it, you can
07:31	5	see it.
07:31	6	MR. WISHAU: Please give me the address.
07:31	7	MR. ENDRES: Sure. Afterwards we can
07:31	8	talk to you.
07:31	9	MR. DOBBS: Okay. Thank you. Anyone
07:31	10	else from the board or the commission?
07:31	11	Mr. Wanggaard?
07:31	12	MR. WANGGAARD: I just have one comment
07:32	13	that either way, I mean, this goes to Fran's Her
07:32	14	comments that she was talking about. I mean, that
07:32	15	was one question I asked you about the funding and
07:32	16	the reclamation, you know, what that was going to
07:32	17	take care of. But either way, we're going to have
07:32	18	two lakes or two bodies of water there no matter
07:32	19	what. Correct?
07:32	20	MR. ENDRES: Correct.
07:32	21	MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. That's something
07:32	22	that we have to deal and whether they're going to
07:32	23	be, as you say, the body of water that's going to
07:32	24	be more you know, be in our control or private.
07:32	25	But

07:32	1	MR. ENDRES: Yes.
07:32	2	MR. WANGGAARD: But either way we're
07:32	3	going to have two.
07:32	4	MR. DOBBS: You could have three here
07.02	5	because of Charles.
07:32	6	MR. WANGGAARD: I just want to get No
07:32	7	matter what, we're going to have two.
07:32	8	MR. ENDRES: Correct. And I think this
07:32	9	proposed plan allows for the best end use of one of
07:32	10	them because the eastern one with its high walls is
	11	going to have very little ability to do anything
07:33	12	with it.
07:33		
07:33	13	MR. WANGGAARD: Okay. Thank you.
07:33	14	MR. DOBBS: Okay. I think we're ready to
07:33	15	go into the public comments.
07:33	16	MR. BENKOWSKI: No.
	17	MR. DOBBS: Mr. Benkowski?
07:33	18	MR. BENKOWSKI: Could you bring up the
07:33	19	MR. DOBBS: Before we go to the public
07:33	20	comments section, I was wondering, does our court
07:33	21	reporter need to take a five-minute break?
	22	COURT REPORTER: I'm okay.
	23	MR. DOBBS: You're okay?
07:33	24	MR. BENKOWSKI: Could you bring up the
07:33	25	Charles Street yard that would be if If this

07:33	1	project didn't go forward as you're proposing, the
07:33	2	approximately, as you said, it was 14 acres?
07:33	3	MR. ENDRES: That one there or the one
07:33	4	just above it, Mr. Benkowski?
07:33	5	MR. BENKOWSKI: No. It would be in
07:34	6	the
07:34	7	MR. ENDRES: That one?
07:34	8	MR. BENKOWSKI: Yeah. It's the yellow.
07:34	9	MR. ENDRES: Okay.
07:34	10	MR. BENKOWSKI: So currently if you go
07:34	11	back to what you're actually allowed, the red
07:34	12	dashed line is showing what you're proposing to be
07:34	13	a setback. However, you would have the ability to
07:34	14	come 200 feet above every boundary. Correct?
07:34	15	MR. ENDRES: Correct.
07:34	16	MR. BENKOWSKI: And that's So in terms
07:34	17	of what I'm looking at right now with that diagram,
07:34	18	where is 200 feet? Is that that orange
07:34	19	MR. WENINGER: Are you talking on the
07:34	20	yellow part or
07:34	21	MR. BENKOWSKI: Correct.
07:34	22	MR. WENINGER: So on the yellow part,
07:34	23	because is non-conforming use, the 200-foot setback
07:34	24	requirement doesn't apply to that, so we can mine
07:34	25	up as close to the property line as we physically

07:34	1	can and still reclaim, similar to what the rest of
07:34	2	the quarry has done.
07:34	3	MR. BENKOWSKI: So the characteristic of
07:34	4	that east yard, which is the Charles Street yard,
07:34	5	let's call it, would be consistent with to the
07:34	6	west, which is what you're calling the east quarry?
07:34	7	What would be the setback or what would your
07:34	8	What would your setbacks from your adjacent
07:34	9	properties be at 3 Mile Road, be at Charles or be
07:35	10	at the Racine city of Racine landowners?
07:35	11	MR. WENINGER: There are no established
07:35	12	setbacks per the zoning ordinance, so we could get
07:35	13	as close to the properties as we can get a
07:35	14	reclaimed slope in there.
07:35	15	MR. BENKOWSKI: So I'm asking you the
07:35	16	question. What is it?
07:35	17	MR. WENINGER: I don't have the figure
07:35	18	right off the top of my head.
07:35	19	MR. ENDRES: It would be less than the
07:35	20	200 and as close to you know, probably, I'm just
07:35	21	guessing, 50 to 100 feet.
07:35	22	MR. BENKOWSKI: But I'm confused because
07:35	23	I thought you said that the Village of Caledonia
07:35	24	had very good ordinances or a very good ordinance,
07:35	25	and there was a recital of a 200-foot number.

	1	So
07:35	2	MR. ENDRES: This area is non-conforming.
07.00	3	AUDIENCE MEMBER: What does that mean?
07:35	4	MR. ENDRES: So it predates the
07:35	5	ordinance.
07:35	6	MR. BENKOWSKI: So we have no
07:35	7	jurisdiction. You could do what you want. So
07:35	8	effectively, you could repeat what we're calling
07:35	9	the east quarry. You could come
07:35	10	MR. ENDRES: Yes.
07:35	11	MR. BENKOWSKI: whatever that setback
07:35	12	is off of Charles Street similar to what was done
07:36	13	on Douglas Avenue
07:36	14	MR. ENDRES: Yes.
07:36	15	MR. BENKOWSKI: and put up a jersey
07:36	16	barricade. Would you do that?
07:36	17	MR. ENDRES: It wouldn't be preferred,
07:36	18	but we could.
07:36	19	MR. BENKOWSKI: You didn't answer my
07:36	20	question. Would you do that?
07:36	21	MR. ENDRES: Well, we'll see how this
07:36	22	goes, and then I'll answer that.
07:36	23	MR. BENKOWSKI: I'm asking you a
07:36	24	question. Would you do that?
	25	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Wow!
	- <b>*</b>	

	4	MD ENDDEC. It depends If we sould not
07:36	1	MR. ENDRES: It depends. If we could get
07:36	2	a good slope in there and reclaim it and there was
07:36	3	a need, there's a possibility. Not a good one,
07:36	4	though.
07:36	5	MR. BENKOWSKI: But you have the ability
07:36	6	to do whatever because that doesn't exist. So I'm
07:36	7	asking you I'm putting you on the spot.
	8	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. I know.
07:36	9	MR. BENKOWSKI: How would you If this
07:36	10	project were denied, the proposal, the greater
07:36	11	proposal, how would you handle that specific site?
07:36	12	MR. ENDRES: So what I would do is I'd
07:36	13	investigate it further because I'd have to see
07:36	14	exactly how deep the overburden is and what the top
07:36	15	of rock is and compute a good reclaimed slope when
07:36	16	we're done. So I'd have to get back to you, which
07:36	17	I can do.
07:36	18	MR. BENKOWSKI: But your default position
07:37	19	is what you initially stated?
07:37	20	MR. ENDRES: Well, my default position is
07:37	21	if we can't further develop this and we have a need
07:37	22	for aggregate, we're going to have to look at how
07:37	23	to maximize the area we have to get as many
07:37	24	reserves out as we can, looking for an end use
07:37	25	which we can actually get a reclaimed slope in.

07:37	1	Without having the exact geological area there
07:37	2	memorized, I can't tell you exactly how far up the
07:37	3	property line it would be until we investigate it
07:37	4	further, but I can tell you that after further
07:37	5	investigation.
07:37	6	MR. BENKOWSKI: Could the attorney for
07:37	7	the village tell me how this parcel is different
07:37	8	from the west pit where we had a 200-foot setback?
07:37	9	Do you agree with their interpretation?
07:37	10	MR. PRUITT: I do. In 1985 Racine County
07:37	11	took prior owners to court regarding their
07:37	12	non-conforming use rights. The county wanted that
07:37	13	owner to go through the conditional use process,
07:38	14	and the Court sided with the quarry owner saying
07:38	15	that their use had predated county zoning which
07:38	16	came into effect in 1970. And so this particular
07:38	17	parcel that we're talking about here was purchased
07:38	18	by Vulcan I believe in '55 or in the mid-50's. So
07:38	19	they are granted legal non-conforming status which
07:38	20	means they can continue to mine that parcel; in
07:38	21	fact, that's already zoned M-4.
07:38	22	MR. BENKOWSKI: But to continue, do you
07:38	23	agree even though there's better practice in terms
07:38	24	of safety standards, that would not apply here?
07:38	25	MR. ENDRES: Well, it's not a safety

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standard. It's an end use reclamation standard that's different now, and we can still get an end use reclamation that doesn't provide for future development but is still safe when we're done.

So that's the difference there, and that's what we would have to calculate with actually physically knowing how deep the stone is from the top. So whatever we do there, it will be safe and environmentally friendly. It's just there may not be any area for future development like we currently have along Charles Street.

MR. BENKOWSKI: Okay. Another question for our counsel. In view of Act 67, is there any ability that the lands which would be dedicated if the proposed project which would be the section of land which would either have a deed restriction or have some sort of limit on it, in your interpretation of Act 67, is there a way that that could be mutated? Because that's very new territory within the state.

MR. PRUITT: Well, in terms of the deed restriction, they're offering it up voluntarily. We would be accepting that offer. You, as a plan commission, and the village board, are entitled to put conditions on these types of uses. The uses

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have to be allowed by the ordinance, and the conditions that you place have to be based on substantial evidence under Act 67, which means that you have to, to the extent possible, base your conditions on quantifiable-type elements.

For example, if we're talking about noise, what does that mean? What kinds of restrictions would you put on this particular use in terms of noise? Dust. You know, there's been a good discussion about dust control. Those are the kinds of things that go into the conditions. So you are -- You still have flexibility. It's just that Act 67 took away, I think, some of the prior flexibility of the municipalities to rely solely on the feelings or the passions of the nearby residents.

That is something I think you can still take into account, but you have to look at what exactly are the people upset about and focus on each of those elements. And so I think you can still get where you need to be as long as you're putting reasonable conditions on the particular use.

Those are things that would be drafted then by the staff -- not tonight, of course. Our

recommendation is that you would, after the public 1 07:41 2 hearing is done and you have your discussion and 07:41 you give direction to the staff, that we draft 3 07:41 conditions to address the concerns that are raised. 4 07:41 Thank you. And then not 5 MR. BENKOWSKI: 07:41 to belabor a point, but there were questions asked 6 07:41 specifically about Chapter 3. Lest, let it be 7 07:41 8 noted on the record that in order for a complaint 07:41 9 to be filed through DNR, it has to be reported to 07:41 10 the DNR. And historically, any complaints that 07:41 11 have been lodged have been given to the village. 07:41 12 The village did not forward to the DNR. 07:41 13 Consequently, there are no complaints lodged with 07:41 You are right that you self-regulate. That's 14 07:41 15 But just for the record, the complaint 07:41 needs to go with DNR. So if DNR does not get the 16 07:41 17 complaint, such as what happened with Mr. West on 07:42 18 Douglas Avenue, you do not have -- You have a clean 07:42 19 record. You are absolutely correct in saying that. 07:42 20 But there's a glitch in the manner in which it's 07:42 21 done because the Village of Caledonia did not do 07:42 22 its due diligence to report those incidents to DNR. 07:42 23 I'm done. Thank you. 07:42 24 MR. DOBBS: All right. 07:42 We're now going 25 into the phase of the public hearing. I'm going to 07:42

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-- As I talked earlier, I'm going to read -- at least three times ask for anybody in the audience who wants to speak in favor of this concept and then after that we'll do the same thing with those who have opposition to this. I want everybody to, you know, be nice and gentle here. Let's not raise our voices. Say your points. Address us. If we have some questions that we don't know the answer to, if you have a specific question, we can maybe ask those gentlemen, but we will ask them. I don't really went you guys bombarding the staff.

We're going to start off -- And when you come up, you'll tell the clerk your name and address clearly, and then you can say your piece.

So we'll start off -- Is there anyone --

First, before I start off, I have several letters that I got in favor. I'll just read these quickly. I got a letter from a person named Gene Pagel who is the chairperson of the Quarry Advisory Board who voiced support for Payne & Dolan's Racine Quarry project. "The Quarry Advisory Board was established approximately 15 years ago with Vulcan Materials for the purpose of working with the neighbors and the quarry operator to help address issues or complaints that may arise. Members of

07:43	1	this group attended a public information meeting
07:43	2	that was in May, and they basically believe that
07:43	3	this is a good project."
07:44	4	I also got a letter from Stepping Stones
07:44	5	Farm School of Horsemanship, Franksville,
07:44	6	Wisconsin, thanking Payne & Dolan. They said
07:44	7	"They're a good corporate citizen" and have donated
07:44	8	materials to help do some outreach programs for
07:44	9	them.
07:44	10	And one other letter that I received that
07:44	11	I had asked for after our last meeting on this for
07:44	12	the blasting permit, there were some allegations
07:44	13	that the dust was injuring people and different
07:44	14	things such as that. I asked our health department
07:44	15	if they had any information to that, and Margaret
07:44	16	Gesner of the health office said "Regarding your
07:44	17	question, it appears that we do not have any
07:44	18	records of complaints regarding the quarry in
07:44	19	Caledonia." That was her response to that.
07:44	20	So anyone who would like to speak in
07:44	21	favor of this, please raise your hand, and I'll
07:44	22	call on you, and you can state your name.
07:44	23	Ma'am, can you come on up?
07:44	24	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Can I just make a
07:44	25	comment first?

07:44	1	MR. DOBBS: No. You can speak in favor
07:44	2	or against. We're doing "in favors" now. Who
07:44	3	wants to speak in favor? Mr. Weatherston?
07:45	4	MR. WEATHERSTON: Thank you,
07:45	5	Mr. President. I'm Tom Weatherston, State
07:45	6	Representative and occupant of Caledonia. And
07:45	7	actually, I don't live too far from the quarry.
07:45	8	I've had two homes right near the quarry the
07:45	9	second one even closer to it.
07:45	10	I see my friend the alderman from the
07:45	11	city of Racine is here. I'd like to thank the guys
07:45	12	at Payne & Dolan for putting together a great plan
07:45	13	and coming to us and presenting that plan.
07:45	14	Projecting out 20, 25 years, I think even us, we
07:45	15	would have trouble projecting our life for 25
07:45	16	years. But a corporation that can see 25 years in
07:45	17	advance and make a good plan and present it in a
07:46	18	professional manner? That should be complimented,
07:46	19	so thank you, gentlemen, from Payne & Dolan for
07:46	20	doing so.
07:46	21	In light of the current situation where
07:46	22	they could go ahead and quarry on the other side of
07:46	23	Charles and just do it and don't really need our
07:46	24	permission to do it, they've come together with a
07:46	25	plan to do it in a reasonable manner, to reclamate

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it properly afterwards. You know, we're kind of funny people. We complain about potholes, but then we bitch when all the orange barrels come out.

You know, we build our homes next to pre-existing buildings that are businesses that are already there, and then we complain about the business that we built next to.

When I was on the villages board, we had a nice lady that built a home -- a beautiful home between two farms, and then she came back to the village board and bitched about the chickens making noise. I mean, these things happen.

All of us in this room own homes in that district. We all knew the quarry was there when we bought those homes or had them built. The quarry has been there forever. It was one of the first things I noticed when I moved to Wisconsin back in '77.

The thing is, Payne & Dolan is a great corporate citizen, they pay great taxes, they have family-supporting wages at that place. And today I was out -- I'm building a new home in Franksville. Behind my house is an empty lot. It's in the industrial park. And I was thinking about this subject today while I was out there. And I was

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thinking, "Am I going to come back in a couple years and bitch at you guys because somebody built a factory in the industrial park behind my house?"

No. I mean, it's ridiculous.

Obviously, somebody sometime, especially with Foxconn coming, somebody is going to build a small factory behind my new home. It's already there. It didn't affect my property value.

There's already an industrial park behind it. So it doesn't really make a big difference to me. I know it's there. I know that risk is there that somebody is going to build a factory.

Today I received in the mail petitions against the proposal. And the reason for the petition is that the expansion will create dust, traffic, noise, on and on and on. It will not create these things. They already exist. We already have trucks, occasional dust once in a while. Noise. We all have noise. It's already there.

So Act 67, which we've talked about before, explicitly falls right under this category. These are pre-existing conditions in the quarry already. They are not new things. And therefore, to me, in my view, as a state representative, the

07:48	1	only real thing this village board has to do is
07:48	2	approve moving Charles and adding on a little bit
07:48	3	or letting the quarry have the piece they already
07:48	4	have. There's really not a lot of decision there.
07:48	5	But I want to thank you for holding this
07:48	6	meeting tonight and listening to all the citizens
07:49	7	and all the comments they have. So thank you very
07:49	8	much.
07:49	9	MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else in
07:49	10	the audience that would like to speak in favor of
07:49	11	this?
07:49	12	Sir? Your name and address, please?
07:49	13	MR. PAGEL: Gene Pagel, Ellis Avenue.
07:49	14	I'm one that sent you that letter from the Quarry
07:49	15	Advisory Board. I've lived on Ellis for 17-plus
07:49	16	years. My house is over seven years old. Plastic
07:49	17	cracks, the foundation settled. It's not the
07:49	18	quarry. I've never had a problem with the quarry.
07:49	19	All the blasting they used to do on the east side
07:49	20	originally, I never had a problem with it. I never
07:49	21	had foundation fall down, never had sewers crack,
07:49	22	anything like that.
07:49	23	Most of their property is already in the
07:49	24	land use plan as far as mining goes, so they're
07:50	25	only asking for a small addition to extend jobs,

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make things cheaper in the long run for another 20 to 25 years.

Payne & Dolan already goes way beyond what I consider necessary in the community by doing the best they can to keep us calm by watering the roads and doing all the on-site tire wash they installed years ago in addition to the rare time that a truck has spilled contents on a public road. They go out and clean it up anyway. They don't have to, but they do just to make them good corporate citizens. And that's it.

MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else who would like to say anything in favor of this? In the red?

MR. HOKANSON: My name is Kevin Hokanson. I live at 2721 Manor Avenue, Mount Pleasant. I work for a local Racine company called A.W. Oakes & Son. We haul a lot of material out of Payne & Dolan right now. We need that quarry to stay in business. The road projects, the industrial parks, the homes, streets, the driveways, the sidewalks, all need these materials to get constructed properly. And every time we restrict a quarry from withstanding or utilizing the natural resources, the taxpayers and private citizens pay.

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Every time we have to truck farther, we put more trucks on the road, expose people to that hazard, we pay more for fuel, we pay more for insurance, and the taxpayers and developers pay more for products. And what that does is it costs us jobs because people develop less.

We've been coming in and out of the Payne & Dolan guarry for years. If you notice when you go by, you don't see dust on the roads on a normal basis. Everything is nice and landscaped. It looks much better than it did when it was Vulcan Materials, who I thought did a great job also. Payne & Dolan takes pride in their properties. They take pride in the community, and they go above and beyond.

Our trucks did get those notices when the trucking routes were pointed out. Every driver had a pile of them. Every driver was advised if they break it, they would be turned in. Payne & Dolan stepped up. They decided that everybody needed to follow the rules. We followed the rules. The other trucking companies followed the rules, and we did the right thing.

My kids drive past the quarry every single day going to school during the school year,

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and I don't worry about dust; I don't worry about traffic. Payne & Dolan controls the inbound and outbound traffic extremely well. They keep the roads clear. The intersection is never a hassle. I don't worry about my kids driving by there every day.

Payne & Dolan has been a great ally for us with the jobs that it creates for us. We employ a lot of people -- a lot of Caledonia residents, Mount Pleasant, City of Racine, Kenosha. Those people count on that quarry being open so we can do more business, expand our trucking, and we can put more people to work.

That's why we're in favor of it.

MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else like to speak in favor? Sir?

MR. JUNG: I am Tom Jung. I own a trucking business in Racine. I've been in business for 40 years. And Payne & Dolan, they run a pretty tight operation. I get my trucks, and they've got to go through a truck wash before they even hit the road. It gets all underneath washed. I mean, you come up from the bottom, they got it all laid down so the dust comes up. You get up to the top. You've got to go through the washer, then you've

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got to go across the scale, let all the water drip off, and then hit the road, so there's nothing -- no dust. Because they're real conscious about their dust control, that it don't go up in the air.

You know, and I've been out of that quarry for over 40 years myself. So I'm in favor of it. They run a pretty tight operation all the way around.

I mean, I go to their other pits out west, up to Lannon, I mean, Waukesha, they're all over the state, and I haven't been to one of their pits that hasn't been in the top-notch shape, you know, and that's just coming from personal experience. And I think they do a real good job of what they do.

So I'm in favor of it for that. Plus, all these communities around here with the natural resources -- I mean, you go from Oak Creek all the way down to Pleasant Prairie, they use that stone along this lakefront. I don't care where you go. I mean, you've got to go way west. I mean, you're talking about \$7, \$8 a ton difference in trucking if you start pulling it from other different places.

Everyone in the municipalities are going

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to take effect on that. You know, so for tax purposes or whatever you want to call it, building, you know, whatever you want to say, it's better off I think if you have stuff for 20, 25 years coming down the road, then you know what your costs are going to be at.

So thank you for your time.

MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else in the audience that would like to -- Sir? Name and address, please?

MR. KOCOUREK: Scott Kocourek,

4801 Bannoch Drive. I live just north of the
quarry. I'm also -- Not only do I live near the
quarry, I also own a small business here in Racine
-- Caledonia. We use stone for residential
construction, water main break repairs for the
village, sewer repairs.

The quarry here is extremely important not only to the employees that work at the quarry but for my employees that work at G&F Excavating. It keeps my truck off the roads more if we can buy the material where we use it. I have been hauling out of that quarry for about 26 years myself, and I can tell you over the years the progression of the amount of water used to keep the dust down, the

trucks washed.

I personally built my house 18 years ago on Bannoch Drive. We've never had an issue with foundation problems. We don't have problems with noise. I think the biggest issue we've had over the 18 years is once in the morning you can hear the backup alarms when the equipment fires up, and you can hear the backup alarms when they park them in the evening, and that's about the extent of noise issues we've had.

Thank you.

MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else that would like to speak in favor of this? Sir?

MR. REESMAN: Greg Reesman with Reesman's Excavating & Grading. I'm at 28815 Bushnell Road, Burlington, Wisconsin. As a heavy construction contractor, materials like this are a vital resource to most every activity that we perform on a daily basis. It's one of our largest input items.

I currently have contracts with the village here. We do a lot of work in Racine. If these materials weren't available and we'd have to haul that material from the western side of the county, that starts having a big impact on the cost

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structure to the consumer and the municipalities and also starts to impact a lot of other people if we're hauling it from the other side of the county versus using a local resource where we can impact a lot less people.

The other thing, these resources are where they're found, they're naturally occurring. They have to be utilized where they're at, and they're limited. We can't take resources like this and continue to, you know, inhibit their use and build houses on it. Someday we're going to be taking houses down to get at these type of materials. We need to have the foresight to preserve and make available for future generations reserves and deposits like this.

We can't -- It's going to get to the point -- We can't continue to inhibit the use of these materials. You need to take a long view at this. Use them where they're available, protect them where they're available, and look out for everybody's future and look out for the current taxpayers and what it costs to provide infrastructure and services to everybody. Thank you.

MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else like

to speak in favor? Sir in the hat? 1 07:59 2 MR. MAREMA: Good evening. I'm Robert 07:59 I'm the site foreman over at Payne & 3 07:59 I live over in Yorkville. I just wanted to 4 Dolan. 08:00 bring a human side of it. You know, I'm one of the 5 08:00 employees that are employed at that property. 6 08:00 7 I've got ten guys there that depend on 08:00 8 that place every day. You know, we take it 08:00 9 seriously. Payne & Dolan treats us pretty well, 08:00 10 and they make sure that we have all the, you know, 08:00 11 tools that we need to keep the dust down and keep 08:00 12 the noise down and keep crushing, and I just wanted 08:00 13 to -- Everybody seems to be kind of hard on big 08:00 companies these days, and they're a pretty good 14 08:00 15 corporate citizen across the entire state. 08:00 16 All they're asking to do is a little bit 08:00 17 more business right here. I've been employed at 08:00 18 that quarry for 23 years. My father worked there 08:00 19 for 18 years, and I have two brothers that have 08:00 20 started their career in mining at that place. So 08:00 21 it's kind of got a spot -- I'd just like to ask you 08:00 22 guys to, you know, consider their offer, and 08:01 23 hopefully we all can keep doing what we do best. 08:01 24 Thank you. 08:01 25 MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else? 08:01 Wav

Name and address, please? 1 in the back. 08:01 2 MS. SCHULTZ: My name is Lisa Schultz, 08:01 and I live on Heidi Drive just on the other side of 3 08:01 4 I'm here today to support the Racine the park. 08:01 I'm a lifelong resident of Caledonia. 5 08:01 I've owned three homes in Caledonia, all within 6 08:01 7 two-and-a-half miles of the quarry. 08:01 8 The Racine quarry has been a financial 08:01 9 support to my family for many years. In fact, my 08:01 10 family is a third generation. I have worked for 08:01 11 the quarry for 38 years, five years being with 08:01 12 Payne & Dolan. Payne & Dolan is a great company to 08:01 13 work for. They operate the quarry in a very 08:01 environmental friendly way and are very good to the 14 08:01 15 citizens around us. 08:01 16 This is a much needed project that will 08:01 17 benefit in the community, including myself, my 08:02 18 fellow employees, and the surrounding areas, so I 08:02 19 ask that you please approve the Racine project 08:02 20 request. Thank you. 08:02 21 MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Would anyone else 08:02 22 like to speak in favor? Second request. Anyone 08:02 23 else like to speak in favor of this? Third and 08:02 24 final request. Anyone else like to speak in favor? 08:02 25 Seeing none, we move on to those that 08:02

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would like to speak against this. I will start out by mentioning a few of the letters or e-mails that I got that I will introduce into the record. I received one from Ryan Brooks. He's against the expansion based on the reason the properties will not pay enough taxes, the entire region suffers economically because of this mine, dust, the property value loss, the constant large truck traffic. And that was Ryan Brooks, 4642 Carter Drive.

Another one from Dave Sandgren, "Proposed Quarry Expansion," he does not support it, from the dust, noise, blasting, quality of life, wall cracks, endless dust and dirt on the windows, and he believes this area should be for residential use.

Military Veteran e-mail, I'm not sure what the name is, reduction of property values of current businesses and residential properties, the loss of property tax revenue and approval of the zoning change will affect government tax revenue. The noise, dust, damage to properties' walls, glass, foundations, et cetera.

And then Mr. Weatherston had mentioned that we got -- Oh. Here is another one that I just

1 08:03 2 08:03 3 08:04 4 08:04 5 08:04 6 08:04 7 08:04 8 08:04 9 08:04 10 08:04 11 08:04 12 08:04 13 08:04 14 08:04 15 08:04 16 08:04 17 08:04 18 08:05 19 08:05 20 08:05 21 08:05 22 08:05 23 08:05 24 08:05 25 08:05

got today. It's from a gentleman named Phil Fountain who was a pilot, and he had an issue back in the 1970s where he is alleging that the airflow from it may have interfered a little bit with his landing. He says to look at the FAA. I'm not aware of the issue there.

Then we had the thing Mr. Weatherston mentioned from Richard and Barbara Nyklewicz who went out and got 150-plus signatures from neighbors opposing this. Just out of a show of hands, who signed this so I know who would know what was in it? Okay. So about three-fourths of the crowd signed this? Okay. So same type of things that Mr. Weatherston mentioned, some of the dust and different issues. Those are the ones that I got that I want to introduce into the record.

And we'll take -- Who wants to speak against this? Right there in the blue shirt. Name and address, please.

MR. FOUNTAIN: I'm Phil Fountain, 4625

North St. Clair Street. And if anybody needs any more copies of this, I'd be happy to hand them out to you.

AUDIENCE MEMBER: We can't hear you.

MR. DOBBS: Speak in the mic.

08:05	1	MR. FOUNTAIN: I'm Phil Fountain,
08:05	2	4625 North St. Clair Street. Can you hear me?
	3	MS. MARTIN: Closer still.
08:05	4	MR. FOUNTAIN: I'm about as close as you
08:05	5	can get.
08:05	6	MR. DOBBS: There you go.
08:05	7	MR. FOUNTAIN: Phil Fountain, 4625 North
08:05	8	St. Clair Street. Would anybody be interested in
08:05	9	any more of these handouts?
08:05	10	AUDIENCE MEMBER: I'll take one.
08:05	11	MR. DOBBS: You can just leave some at
08:05	12	the end of the table and if somebody wants one
08:05	13	This is about the pilot situation.
08:05	14	MR. FOUNTAIN: Okay. I flew for Tenneco
08:05	15	for 30 years, 13 years out of Racine, and I was a
08:06	16	trained pilot on the Fairchild F-27 with 16,000
08:06	17	hours of flying. This incident that I'm reporting
08:06	18	to you people is an event where I had come in over
08:06	19	the quarry in strong winds, and all airplanes are
08:06	20	required or recommended practice is to fly with
08:06	21	approximately a 3-degree slope through the runway
08:06	22	and be configured for landing at about a 5-mile
08:06	23	distance.
08:06	24	I came across the northeast corner of the
08:06	25	quarry on Charles, and the wind was blowing from

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the southwest. When it comes from the southwest, it comes across Douglas and 3 Mile Road and it goes down in the quarry and comes up on the northeast side.

I entered the northeast side of the upwind, and it blew the whole plane up, and I had to pull the power back, get the nose of the airplane down to maintain that 3-degree slope so you can land at the airport. You come across the southwest corner of the airport, and the power is back and the nose down. Now, the wind is blowing the airplane down into the quarry, so you've got to add more power and bring the nose back up to maintain that 3-degree slope.

When you get clear of the quarry at 3 Mile and Douglas, the nose is up, the power is up, and you have to do a third configuration change to get the nose down and land at a reasonable point on the airport.

Now, what my concern is, is, what will this quarry be like when it expands -- when the quarry expands? Okay? Would it be worse? I recommend that Caledonia and Payne & Dolan have -- go to someone at like NASA -- they are very good at wind tunnel tests -- and build a model of the

08:08	1	quarry at the various stages of development and do
08:08	2	wind tunnel testing so they can determine what is
08:08	3	safe and what isn't safe.
08:08	4	Because I flew out of here for 13 years.
08:08	5	I knew about it, and I still had my hands full
08:08	6	here. Somebody who is not familiar can have real
08:08	7	problems.
08:08	8	MR. DOBBS: Did you make a report of this
08:08	9	to the FAA at the time? Did anybody look into it?
08:08	10	MR. FOUNTAIN: No.
08:08	11	MR. DOBBS: No? Okay.
08:08	12	MR. FOUNTAIN: There are a lot of things
08:08	13	that happen that aren't reported, but it doesn't
08:08	14	mean that they don't happen.
08:08	15	MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Okay. Anyone
08:08	16	else? Name and address?
08:09	17	MR. HOOYMAN: My name is Jerry Hooyman.
08:09	18	I live at 3900 Wilshire Drive in Racine, and I'm a
08:09	19	resident. I'm not an employee of Payne & Dolan. I
08:09	20	also I think most of you probably received
08:09	21	copies of the minutes of the November 27, 1996,
08:09	22	minutes when Vulcan was talking about expanding the
08:09	23	quarry. They never went through with it.
08:09	24	Basically, they had, from my understanding from the
08:09	25	newspaper articles, 60 to 70 people, which I think

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there's probably more than that here, were against it, so Vulcan never went through trying to get the expansion and the zoning change and so forth.

Also, when I was working -- I'm presently retired. I used to negotiate contracts. One thing you don't do is give negativity when you're trying to negotiate a contract. And what intrigued me with Payne & Dolan, they showed what the residences were when the quarry started and so forth and back in the '50s, and they showed what it is now, which is basically residences. You know, so -- And also in the meeting minutes, basically a five-page memo that the gentleman was allowed to present, he mentioned the property in question has been zoned an R-4 for a decade, and he emphasized a decade.

And I know Payne & Dolan is saying,
"Well, we're going to, you know, deed something and
so forth." As we all know, laws can change and so
forth.

But when the quarry began, as I mentioned, there were no homes and businesses in the area. Now all areas around the quarry have homes and businesses. So I think that's something that Caledonia should really look at. When the

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quarry expansion, as I mentioned, was killed in '96 or didn't go forward -- And I don't know if anybody has, you know, done their research.

I mean, I went through the minutes and sent -- you know, scanned them in and sent copies to basically all of you. Now, their presentation, too, they indicated -- and I went to the May 3 presentation. Basically, they offer very few local jobs as far as in the quarry.

Now, there's people that made a presentation that they have, you know, truck -- you know, quarry product out and so forth. But again, as Payne & Dolan showed, they have quarries all over the area. So yeah, it may cost a few dollars more and stuff, but such is life.

I've talked to some of the current residents who live close to the current quarry.

They've stated wall cracks, window cracks, foundation cracks, problems from past and current mining, and, you know, if we expand the quarry and stuff, there's a potential that's going to happen.

I know that Payne & Dolan on May 3 in their presentation, they said "We have new technology," that it's not a problem with blasting and so forth.

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They also used to put in seismographs. This was before I think Payne & Dolan even came, when Vulcan was here in Vidian-Cheska Park. haven't seen those in a long time.

Also, the blasting and so forth, to me, since the downturn in the economy, there hasn't been a lot of construction. Now we're talking about Foxconn. That could be a potential problem and so forth if they get, you know, contracts and so forth.

And when Payne & Dolan bought the property they're saying in 2013, so five years ago, a reasonable man would have looked at it and known at that point in time that you have a limited lifestyle -- life cycle on the quarry. So basically now they're talking, you know, five to seven years and so forth. So I'm assuming -- I haven't checked into it, but I assume they bought the quarry very cheap because it was a limited life cycle and so forth. Why they waited five years to try to get, you know, a change to the zoning and so forth, which the zoning, you know, as I mentioned, has basically been about 30 years now, you know, to me doesn't make a lot of sense. It doesn't sound like good business practice.

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The other thing I read on the Internet with Google search about lawsuits, and a lot of times the village or the cities and so forth are sued along with, you know, the owner, like Payne & Dolan. So that's something you may want to consider. And one thing I learned in college in business law, if you want to sue somebody, you bring everybody in and sue them. You can always take people out, but it's hard to get them in later. I'm not an attorney, but that's what I was taught.

Also, I provided information and so forth and some links, and I asked the city assessor what the value of -- property values would go down if you're close to the quarry. I haven't gotten an answer back yet, but the links that I sent and so forth indicated that you could get a 40 percent reduction in property values, which means also a 40 percent reduction in your property taxes. And I know Rick and his wife, you know, they did different studies. What Payne & Dolan is paying in property taxes and what property owners are paying and so forth, Payne & Dolan is paying a negligible amount compared if you basically changed those -- or, you know, keep the resident zoning and open it

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up to building. And as they showed, they show very limited, you know, jobs in the quarry. And back in '96, the gentleman -- You know, and most of you have read the minutes and the memo -- indicated that there would be fantastic number of jobs, like Korndoerfer is doing, you know, too, bringing people in.

I just have -- And actually, Payne & Dolan is only asking for a rezoning now of a specific area, but what is guaranteed in the I mean, like Act 67 and so forth, too. You can change the laws or you can change different requests.

And also when they talked about trucking, you know, I live only a couple blocks away from the quarry, so I go by 3 Mile quite often. seldom see a trucker that has covers on their So we've got dust and so forth. I don't trucks. know what the state laws or if there is a state law and stuff, but, you know, that's not going to get better as far as I'm concerned.

And like I say, the seismographs and so forth, I don't know what happened to those, you know, what's going on. I heard at that time, you know, a number of years ago that the state required

1 and so forth because of some complaints, you know, 08:16 2 of noise and stuff. And again, if you -- Like I 08:16 say, I'm retired. When I was working, no, I didn't 08:16 4 notice blasting and so forth because I was working 08:16 during the work hours and stuff. 5 08:16 And when I sit on my patio in summer, 6 08:16 7 I've got -- the ground shakes. And I'm not that 08:16 8 close now to where they're mining, but the new 08:16 9 mining area and stuff, you know, I'll be very 08:16 10 close. 08:16 11 So like I say, I'm a resident. I'm not 08:16 12 an employee. I don't work, you know, for a company 08:16 13 that hauls stuff and so forth. So my concern is as 08:16 a resident and stuff for my property values. And 14 08:16 15 as I've indicated to the city and stuff too, if the 08:16 16 quarry -- if this is approved, I'm going to request 08:16 17 that my property taxes and my assessment go down. 08:16 18 Thank you. 08:17 19 MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else that 08:17 20 would like to speak? Name and address? 08:17 21 MR. NITSCH: Hello. My name is Keith 08:17 22 I live at 4602 Charles Street. One of the Nitsch. 08:17 23 -- I have pictures back in 2002 that I replaced two 08:17 24 foundation walls on my house. All right? 08:17 It was 25 cracked from the -- Let's see. That's the 08:17

southeast corner from the top all the way down to 1 08:17 2 the basement floor. If cost me \$15,000 because of 08:17 Vulcan. 3 4 And another thing is, you know, this 08:17 company says "Okay. Well, 40 percent of this 5 08:17 gravel is going to Illinois." Well, why don't we 6 08:17 just keep it here instead of shipping it out? 7 08:17 8 Let's see. I had a couple other points 08:18 9 but I can't even remember. I'm getting too old. 08:18 10 But I have pictures if anybody wants to see the 08:18 11 work I had on my foundation. I think that, you 08:18 12 know, seven, eight years of work still, that's more 08:18 13 than a lot of people have. So, you know, let them 08:18 14 go for seven years, and then let's bring it back 08:18 15 up, and I think this should go to the voters. 08:18 16 Thank you. 08:18 17 MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Ma'am? Name and 08:18 18 address? 08:18 19 MS. BUCKLEY-HUNTER: Hi. My name is 08:18 20 Lavetta Buckley-Hunter. I live at 4623 LaSalle 08:18 21 Street right across the street from the Maple Park 08:18 22 subdivision. 08:18 23 In 2007 my husband and I bought our dream 08:18 24 home in Caledonia. At the point -- At that time we 08:18 25 didn't think that we had a quarry in our backyard, 08:18

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but now it looks like we may have a guarry in our backyard. We're not happy about it. We do feel the blasts all the way on LaSalle Street. Our neighbor actually had his foundation crack. don't know what the source of it was, but he has since sold the home. He did have a crack in his foundation -- a new construction home. I'm sure it can happen, but I'll tell you a little story.

I had surgery about a week-and-a-half I had pain at the incision site and then I had what you call "referred pain." Payne & Dolan for the people that live on Ellis, all of those that are very close to where they are considering expanding, I'm asking the village and whoever else are decision-makers here to not let Payne & Dolan become a pain in the rear end for us because again, remember, there's pain, and there's referred pain, and we do feel those things.

We deal with the dust and debris when we drive down 3 Mile Road. We have to deal with those And there's vacant lots right now on Ellis in the Maple Park subdivision. For all of those who indicated, you know, "Don't build a home with a quarry in the backyard" or, you know, are considering building other places, I challenge you

08:20	1	to build your house on Ellis in the backyard where
08:20	2	the quarry is planning to be.
08:20	3	So those are all the things that I have
08:20	4	to say. I definitely oppose this. I can
08:20	5	appreciate all of the employees from Payne & Dolan
08:20	6	who came up and spoke. It was a very informative
08:20	7	presentation that was presented, but at the end of
08:20	8	the day, I do have to oppose it. When I bought my
08:20	9	home, my husband and I, we never intended for a
08:20	10	quarry to be in our backyard, so I strongly oppose
08:20	11	it.
08:20	12	MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Name and address?
08:20	13	MR. WALKER: My name is Dennis Walker. I
08:20	14	live at 1636 Ellis Avenue. A couple things.
08:20	15	Obviously, property assessment is my concern, but
08:21	16	what gets me more is a couple years ago they
08:21	17	proposed curb and gutter on Ellis Avenue. I
08:21	18	brought over 80 percent signatures against it. You
08:21	19	were on the board, Dobbs and you guys, and you
08:21	20	basically told me "Well, you know, the citizen may
08:21	21	be able to do it anyway." My concern is have you
08:21	22	made this decision already to go ahead or are you
08:21	23	going to listen to the people?
	24	AUDIENCE MEMBER: That's right.
08:21	25	MR. WALKER: That really pissed me off,

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and 80-some percent that signed that petition. You looked right at me and pointed, "We're going ahead with it anyway." That is fucking wrong.

MS. LOCKWOOD: Hi. I'm Denise Lockwood.

I am actually by day the owner of the Racine County

Eye, a news website, but I'm not here as a

journalist. I'm actually a resident at

4622 Lora Street.

One of the things that I really wanted to kind of introduce was a little bit of science with regards to the difference between dust and particulate matter because while, if you don't know, dust is actually particulate matter, the science version of what that looks like.

And so particulate matter is a different term that the World Health Organization and also the National Institutes of Health has actually indicated that there are significant health impacts from what's called particulate matter. But it's actually the size of the particulate matter that's the problem. So there's these little baby dust particles that come out. Actually, your hair -- the size of your hair follicle is PM10. Okay? So PM10 and less to 2.5 actually gets into your nose and causes respiratory issues: bronchitis, asthma,

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all sorts of issues with regards to breathing problems.

If it's less than 2.5, it gets into your deep lungs and causes issues. It also gets into your bloodstream if it's -- That's what's called ultrafine particulates. There's coarse, which is 10 and above, there's fine, which is 2.5 to 10 -- PM10. Less than 2.5 actually causes significant health issues. That has not even been discussed.

I know this because I'm a journalist, and I cover a lot of We Energies. Now, there's the size that is the problem; there's also the make-up of the minerals. So when you're talking about coal dust, it's got a lot of heavy metals in it. And what I want to understand better is -- and maybe Payne & Dolan can explain this a little better -- is the mineral make-up between -- the difference between limestone and coal dust. Because obviously you don't necessarily have heavy metals, but I'm certainly not a science guru, so I really want to understand that as well.

The other point about this is that when I've done stories around We Energies, the DNR -- You guys -- Payne & Dolan keeps talking about how they adhere to the best practices within the DNR,

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and there's no particulate matter testing in this entire county at all. That's the problem. So I want to encourage every single one of you to look at this also from a health issue standpoint, and the reason is because I'm not only a journalist, but I live here and I care deeply about the people behind me and around here, and I want to make sure that we don't have kids that have asthma, that we don't have bronchitis, that we don't have all of these health issues because of this, because it's actually a very similar narrative that I have actually witnessed with the We Energies properties.

And We Energies itself says "They don't cause a problem." But you know what? I actually was in those houses when We Energies -- which said as well that they didn't cause any problems, that the biggest problem with the narrative was that the particulate matter was too big to cause human health problems they said, that it was absolutely scientifically not inhalable, but I actually have every single one of those reports, and they are wrong.

Not only are they wrong, but their behavior said something entirely different because they have literally bought up 200 acres around that

08:25	1	power plant, and every one of you guys knows this
08:25	2	because I've talked to you for seven years about
08:25	3	this. I do not want to become that with regards to
08:26	4	this power this quarry.
08:26	5	Now, I don't know all the science with
08:26	6	regards to how particulates float out, but I do
08:26	7	know that I have had discussions with the National
08:26	8	Institutes of Health, with a guy by the name of
08:26	9	Dr. Nadir who was formally with the EPA. And at
08:26	10	the end of the day, particulates can travel tens of
08:26	11	miles to hundreds of miles, and your lungs do not
08:26	12	care where that comes from.
08:26	13	So it is all around us, and I want to
08:26	14	make sure that you're looking at it from that kind
08:26	15	of perspective, and that's what I have to say. So
08:26	16	I know you care about us and yourselves, and I want
08:26	17	to make sure that that continues, so that's what I
08:26	18	wanted That's what I want to say.
08:27	19	MS. ROUNDY: My name is Cheryl Roundy,
08:27	20	and I live at 1215 Ellis Avenue. We just purchased
08:27	21	that home just recently, so the invitation to the
08:27	22	May 8 meeting missed us, I guess
	23	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Us too.
08:27	24	MS. ROUNDY: So be attentive to that.
08:27	25	But I guess one of the things that I'm questioning,

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that's my backyard. That's our backyard. So regardless of when the home was purchased, I think that you should have made a better effort to contact people who are going to be directly affected by your moving into the neighborhood there.

Also, if this doesn't get approved, what are your intentions for that area, the ones that aren't under your M-4 zoning currently? So what -- If you got turned down, then what? What's going to happen to that area? Who are you going to sell it to? Are you going to keep it? That would be another question.

And then I guess to piggyback on what she was asking, have there been any surveys? Have there been any levels of safety studies for the community for Maple Park area and the community that's up and coming and growing there? During your blasting and whatnot, the dust can't be contained with water immediately after that, so the dust particles are going to go up into the air, and how is that going to affect us, our families and our children and our health?

And I guess if you need me to reach out to you to get that pre-blast survey that you're

08:29	1	offering or anything else that you're offering,
08:29	2	again, you're in my backyard. So if you could
08:29	3	contact us, my name again is Charlie. I'll be
08:29	4	looking forward to speaking with you.
08:29	5	And I guess I would just be concerned
08:29	6	about with them being 100 feet is it, did they say,
08:29	7	100 feet to where they'll be able to blast? Where
08:29	8	How will that be our foundation that we just
08:29	9	bought the house to, how is that going to be
08:29	10	affected? I need to know. We need to know these
08:29	11	things before everybody goes up in arms as well.
08:29	12	Excuse me. I'm a little nervous.
08:29	13	And I guess that's about it. Where do
08:30	14	you get the water from to control the dust? Where
08:30	15	is that coming from?
08:30	16	MR. DOBBS: They get it from the rain
08:30	17	water and the ground water that's in the hole.
08:30	18	MS. ROUNDY: The groundwater? So it's
08:30	19	not using any additional resources?
08:30	20	MR. DOBBS: From what I read in the book,
08:30	21	no.
08:30	22	MS. ROUNDY: Okay. That's good. And
08:30	23	then what was the percentages of materials that
08:30	24	you're going to be getting out of the current M-4
08:30	25	zoned area is the question.

08:30	1	MR. DOBBS: How many years?
08:30	2	MS. ROUNDY: How many What's the
08:30	3	percentage of material that's going to be coming
08:30	4	out of the current M-4 zoned area?
08:30	5	MR. DOBBS: I don't know if he
08:30	6	specifically had a number for us.
08:30	7	MS. ROUNDY: Okay. And then in addition
08:30	8	to what would be the percentage coming from the
08:30	9	proposed area is another question.
08:30	10	MR. WANGGAARD: Percent of what?
08:30	11	MS. ROUNDY: The material that they're
08:31	12	going to be pulling out of there.
08:31	13	MR. WANGGAARD: How many pounds How
08:31	14	many tons?
08:31	15	MS. ROUNDY: Yes.
08:31	16	MR. DOBBS: The numbers were .8 to
08:31	17	1.1 million tons a year, so they would slowly be
08:31	18	extracting that from that area for the next 20
08:31	19	years.
08:31	20	MS. ROUNDY: Okay. All right. I'm
08:31	21	sorry. I guess I was just scribbling there, but
08:31	22	yes. So I'll be looking forward to getting
08:31	23	contacted for that pre-blast survey.
08:31	24	MR. DOBBS: I'm sure they will if you
08:31	25	have her Do you have her address?

08:31	1	MS. ROUNDY: 1215 Ellis Avenue.
08:31	2	MR. DOBBS: Okay. They got it?
08:31	3	MS. ROUNDY: Thank you.
08:31	4	MR. DOBBS: Sir, in the back standing up.
08:31	5	MR. NYKLEWICZ: Hi, Mr. President,
08:31	6	members. I appreciate the opportunity to address
08:31	7	you tonight. I'd like to read a statement first
08:31	8	and then I'd like to distribute some material. The
08:32	9	requested actions are not consistent with the land
08:32	10	use plan for 2006.
08:32	11	MR. BENKOWSKI: Excuse me. Can you say
08:32	12	who you are?
08:32	13	MR. NYKLEWICZ: I'm sorry. My name is
08:32	14	Richard Nyklewicz. I reside at 4601 Kenrich Drive.
08:32	15	My wife, Barb, and I live there. We are the ones
08:32	16	that circulated the petition that was provided to
08:32	17	you and you summarized it, but there's more to it,
08:32	18	and I would appreciate if you did include it in the
08:32	19	record.
08:32	20	The requested actions are not consistent
08:32	21	with the Caledonia land use plan from 2006,
08:32	22	especially the rezoning request of Residential R-4
08:32	23	from residential to excavation. There was comments
08:32	24	made regarding a deed restriction. I would
08:32	25	encourage the staff if you have not already done so

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to research the deed restrictions that are currently on the land that is zoned Residential 4 but is being currently used as farming and generating farming tax revenues.

The area homes built after 1996 and all those built prior were aware of residential zoning. The water retention area north of Johnson Street was built and designed to satisfy the runoff and flooding issues plus the planned addition of 180-plus homes that we were told when we purchased our home in 2015, and we were told that from village officials.

We also inquired and were told that the land south of our home on Kenrich Drive was zoned residential. We bought as others built on the belief and understanding that the zoning of the village, and prior to that the town, had been adopted and was in effect.

The previous quarry operators, however, bought land zoned residential being fully aware that it was intended to be used for residential purposes as planned and adopted by the village. Payne & Dolan also had to know that with their teams of legal and lobby staff and PR staff that the zoning and restriction on future use prior to

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the purchase of this land for \$3.5 million.

The dust obvious on the local roads does not stay within the quarry boundaries. Just wipe the dust from your home, your car windows or the roadway and note the reflective sparkle in the dirt on your fingertip. It's not fairy dust. It's quarry dust. It is not, as the speaker previously pointed out earlier, not good to be breathing that stuff inside your lungs.

The concerns of residents before had been loud and clear and unwavering. No more quarry expansion. The minutes as referenced earlier of the 1996 public town hall meeting I think beautifully captures the essence of that time. There was a presentation by the quarry. It was announced that the public was not allowed to speak, but a community statement was read and fortunately for all of us recorded into the public record.

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protection of home and property, owner's local planned use and zoning versus the financial and personal interests of others.

The residents and town prevailed then and our Caledonia village's community should again tonight. Place this on file. It's inconsistent with the planned use. Move us forward to a better future -- a better, brighter future, environmentally, economically, and as a growing, thriving community.

After listening to the public tonight and reviewing the public records as relates to revenues being generated for the community by residential property versus the quarry and the land -- and their land-holding practices, it would be very clear and very easy to vote to place this entire matter on file tonight.

It's clearly in the best financial interest of the community as a whole and, better yet, although very, very unlikely, Payne & Dolan should consider withdrawing their request and recognize that the best thing for this community is to allow us to fulfill our adopted plan and for residential use to be done and implemented as adopted in the strategic plan.

08:37	1	Now, in the comparison of residential and
08:37	2	property, Payne & Dolan previously The previous
08:37	3	quarry operator is a significant property holder
08:37	4	within the community. From what was provided to me
08:37	5	through the assessor of Caledonia, the total
08:37	6	acreage owned by Caledonia in Caledonia of the
08:37	7	quarry is 363.6 acres. The total assessment is
08:37	8	about \$2.6 million. The total taxes paid, all tax
08:37	9	units property taxes, \$68 million or excuse
08:38	10	me, \$68,000.
	11	AUDIENCE MEMBER: What?
08:38	12	MR. NYKLEWICZ: \$68,000. The total
08:38	13	revenue that Caledonia as a village is realizing
08:38	14	from these 363 acres owned by the quarry,
08:38	15	\$21,742.44.
	16	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Oh, my
08:38	17	MR. NYKLEWICZ: By comparison, if you
08:38	18	take the land owned by taxpayers and property
08:38	19	owners south of Johnson Street to Ellis Avenue, the
08:38	20	west side of Erie to the east side of Charles
08:38	21	Street, 34 acres, the total assessment,
08:38	22	\$18.3 million. Total taxes generated, \$389,666.92.
08:38	23	Our Caledonia taxes? \$124,303. Pretty obvious.
08:39	24	If you want to go a little broader and go
08:39	25	from 4 Mile to Ellis Avenue, the west side of Erie

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to Charles Street, 104 acres, total assessment, \$41,967,000. Total taxes generated, \$890,362.49. Total Caledonia taxes, \$284,025.

Now, there's one parcel of land that I think clearly demonstrates the frustration that I think all of us share, and I share it with you as a former elected official myself. Farmland values when used for land banking or residential, what have you, it's a state statute. The primary of the land that they want to use or the portion thereof that they want to use is the parcel that I've got in hand, and I'll distribute these to you so you've got it to look at at your leisure.

But it's about 60 acres in the center of the parcel east of Charles. It goes all the way to Ellis Avenue, all the way to Erie -- excuse me, all the way to Erie. It's from Thunderbird to about the middle of that field, the area that they drew that line that they wanted to run the road in. They're paying on that parcel of land \$333.89 total. Total. Okay? And that's the state statute. Okay? We all understand that. It's being used as farmland, but it's zoned residential.

And I ask you to consider the former plan this village adopted. If this land is developed in

08:40	1	keeping with the zoning that's in place, if Payne &
08:40	2	Dolan would allow us to develop it consistent with
08:40	3	what's going on in Maple Park and the developer
08:41	4	I hope is here to speak. I've included some
08:41	5	samples of their property. The minimum property
08:41	6	value of the homes they're selling today in Maple
08:41	7	Park, \$250,000 apiece. Now, ask yourself as a
08:41	8	neighbor, as a resident, as leaders in our
08:41	9	community, what would you rather have? Would you
08:41	10	rather have more homes with families contributing
08:41	11	to the vitality of the community, the builders that
08:41	12	go into those homes, whether it's the people
08:41	13	putting in the foundations, constructing the walls
08:41	14	or putting up the roofs?
08:41	15	That's far more economic advantage and
08:41	16	benefit to our community long term than what's
08:41	17	going on there today. I appreciate very much your
08:41	18	time and the opportunity to address you. I just
08:41	19	simply ask you to review the materials and take
08:41	20	them into consideration when you vote. Thank you.
08:42	21	MR. DOBBS: Sir in the back?
08:42	22	MR. VANDERHOEF: We're getting tired.
08:42	23	It's time to fire up the crowd.
	24	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Ooh! Yee-haw!
08:42	25	MR. VANDERHOEF: My name is Tim

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Vanderhoef. I represent the home and property located at 1439 Ellis Avenue. I became the executor of the Vanderhoef home upon the death of my father in January 2018. I represent the remaining 16 children of Willis and Ruth Vanderhoef. We are 16 voices. We all raise our hands as well as all the citizens in this room. We are opposed to the quarry expansion.

Now, we listened to a lot of history from the Vulcan quarry and the Payne & Dolan, so now you're going to hear a little bit of history strung through this letter I've written. A few things I probably should just take out because some of it's been covered, but I'm just going to go right through it.

My parents bought our home in November 1948. That's 69 long years. With more children being added each year, my father, with the help of his uncle and family members, added the living room and the front room and eventually an upstairs comprised of five bedrooms.

Our home was the center of the neighborhood activity because we had a child in every age group stretching 19 years. I stress we did not just live in a house. It was our home. I

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still feel it every time I go into that home. It lived and breathed, as we do now, and the neighborhood called the Kremer Estates or Kremer Addition is still a viable neighborhood, and it breathes, and we live there, but now we feel the danger.

Our property is directly in the path of the quarry expansion. I do want to tell a story. It may not make sense at first. I have always been annoyed by people who want to live in the country, buy a home in a neighborhood next to a farmer's property when they owned -- that they've owned for 100 years, have 20 cows and a couple of pigs, chickens, and the residents complain of the smell that we in Wisconsin call our dairy air.

The comparison or analogy to that small farmer is now Payne & Dolan, the quarry, who wants to expand the little farm. Now this little farmer, i.e., the quarry, wants to expand the farm fields he has purchased over the last 50 years. Now he wants 200 cows, 50 pigs and 30 chickens, so the analogy ends right here.

Payne & Dolan will be blasting obnoxious clouds of dust, grinding large chucks of rocks into smaller stones, and drive more and more loud trucks

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that create dust and possible pollution, causing noise pollution, also.

What about the toxins from the metal and the particulates and the rocks blasted into the air? Does the Payne & Dolan quarry follow any guidelines from the EPA? And only you could answer that for me.

And who follows up on these activities?
Who on the Racine County board, the Caledonia
Village board? How much blasting does it -- does
the quarry allow it to do, and who keeps track of
it? How do they report it to the federal
government? How much noise is too much noise, and
how much blasting is too much blasting?

So going back in history, like I promised you, let me tell you what it was like back in the 1950s and '60s when the quarry blasted. Our experience was when we attended weekday Mass at St. Rita's Church -- that's the old church -- an explosion would occur, the walls and chandeliers would shake and sway, and women and people who were not used to the blasting would literally scream out loud. We were kids. We adjusted. We got used to it, but it was a harrowing experience. I recall it very vividly.

08:46	1	MR. DOBBS: Let's try to keep things
08:46	2	current. I don't want to have a history They
08:46	3	don't do blasting that way anymore. Let's try
08:46	4	to
08:46	5	MR. VANDERHOEF: I understand. They got
08:46	6	to tell their history. I get to tell my history,
08:46	7	with all due respect. I'm going to be done. I
08:46	8	really promise.
08:46	9	I do remember And you aren't going to
08:46	10	like this either, sir. I do remember having the
08:46	11	roof repaired at old St. Rita's Church because of
08:46	12	the cracks from vibrations, and I was told there
08:46	13	were occasions when the rock had been blasted up
08:47	14	and over the quarry walls onto the roof. I was
08:47	15	told, but I wasn't there.
08:47	16	Now, let us not forget the relocation of
08:47	17	the child care playground at St. Rita's Church now.
08:47	18	The playground is now on the east side. Oh.
08:47	19	That's right. That's going to be closer to the new
08:47	20	blasting. It's going to be closer again to the new
08:47	21	St. Rita's Church. What is the quarry thinking?
08:47	22	Money over children?
08:47	23	Recently I've heard a quote that these
08:47	24	people bought homes around this quarry and that
08:47	25	they knew what was going to happen. No, we did

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not. We did not know.

Currently, I have lost a prospective buyer for my parents' home on Ellis Avenue. They are afraid of the unknown, and only you can determine what is unknown at this point.

We had no idea who owned that land. We thought it was farmers. We just enjoyed the sights of the large trees on St. Rita's property which was once a cemetery, and we enjoyed the quiet sounds of the pheasants and sights of deer and geese who lived in those fields.

A distance of 100 feet from a man-made berm is too close to our property. 300 feet is too close to be blasting. Let me make this perfectly clear to those who live on the east side of Charles Street. They will go right up to your backyard too. It is preposterous to move Charles Street over to the east and push traffic directly against the neighborhood to the northwest of LaSalle Street. If the quarry owns land up to Erie Street, how long will it take to move to the east again?

Payne & Dolan quarries has removed enough of Mother Earth and rock that was formed millions and millions of years ago. You've had enough. We thought you were done ten years ago. We thought

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your business was at its end. Now I've heard you would have a four-year supply of rock available. Please be gracious and know when to say when. your employees know it's coming to an end. And now I'm going to invoke my father's name. He died at the age of 97 in January, and everybody said "He had a long run." So I'm saying to Payne & Dolan, "Your run has ended. You've had a long run. Let's get it closed. Let's get it done." I plead with the board to oppose the quarry expansion, please. Thank you.

> MR. DOBBS: Name and address?

MS. SARGEANT: Hi. Name is a Sarah Sergeant, and I just recently bought my first home at 1015 Ellis Avenue. We are new to this neighborhood, so a lot of the history is quite frankly new to me. However, I do have a few points that I would just like the planning commission to consider when they're making this decision.

I don't know if these answers have already been provided to you or not, but I am hoping that if they have not been provided, that you would look into them.

I ask that you approach this decision with a healthy amount of skepticism, that you look

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at what the company provides to you and ask questions and look at it as if it was your backyard, because it is my backyard. It's my brand-new backyard that is going to potentially have a road going where currently there is a beautiful farm field.

I ask you that you look at the numbers and statistics related to vibration and to noise and to dust and some of the things that my neighbors have already mentioned here tonight. But additionally, I would challenge a few points that have been made.

While it is wonderful that the company would provide reports and notices of blasting area, as an attorney, I know what that report would do. If there was a crack in my foundation, I would have that report if I was in the blasting zone, and if I could show in a court of law that Payne & Dolan was responsible for that crack, I would have to take that report, and we would take that report through expensive litigation that perhaps my insurance may or may not carry, and then we would have a battle of the experts.

That would mean that we would have a battle on whether that report was correct, whether

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that report showed the current conditions or it didn't, whether the vibrations could have caused something.

This is not something that your average homeowner may or may not know. They may not have the ability to go through expensive litigation. I have seen it in my daily life, that people just don't want to go down that path, whether it's an insurance company covering the home or the homeowner themselves. So while it's wonderful that, you know, you can say "Oh, look. I have this report," it doesn't really do much to protect you if you have actual damage to your home.

And additionally, the homeowner would have to know that that would be something that they could raise, that, "Oh, maybe I need to hire somebody to come out and do an evaluation of this foundation to see if vibrations from blasting caused this." So I ask you to consider these things when you're looking at this decision.

Additionally, I would challenge the concept that "This is currently happening, so what does it matter?" It matters because there is a deadline. There is a finish line in sight, and we are moving that finish line. And additionally,

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we're moving into ground that has previously not been mined before. So these are things that maybe while, yes, there's things going on in the quarry now, we're extending that out. So it is not a fair representation to say that nothing is going to continue further. It's not going to get any worse because one, we don't know; and two, we're extending it over a period of time.

My main concern is my property value. As a first-time homeowner, I bought in the Caledonia area for the investment on my property because I knew this area was up and coming, because I knew that I could make a good investment with this purchase of my home. So I just ask that before you make a decision, that you have those numbers in front of you. What will it look like to my home in value? What will that look like? What will those numbers do?

I think we already touched on the potential tax revenues, but I think we need to remember too what would be the property -- what would be the loss to those homeowners, and does that loss in property value comply with all constitutional takings?

I am not a constitutional lawyer, so I

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could not answer that question for you. However, I would ask that the planning commission does consider those things when evaluating this decision.

Additionally, I would like to speak briefly on the deed restriction that is proposed. Since Payne & Dolan currently owns the land, they themselves can remove -- put on a deed restriction and remove that deed restriction unless there is a condition in the variance grant that would limit So I'd just ask that if you do go them to do this. forward with allowing this, that you ensure that the legal work is there so that we can make sure that that deed-restricted land is going to remain deed restricted and that any agreement going forward would also be subject to that deed restriction. It's not something that Payne & Dolan can later decide to remove themselves.

Now, I know I may have missed a few points because I was out in the hallway because not all of the concerned citizens could fit into the hearing room today, so excuse me if I doubled back on any of the presentation that was made as I could not see it, and I would note that a few of my concerned neighbors could not sit, see or stand

during the presentation, so they left, maybe
perhaps unable to voice what they were saying, and
I would just like to note that perhaps the room was
not big enough for all of us to be heard.
I ask that you not only consider the
macro level points that Payne & Dolan made and some

macro level points that Payne & Dolan made and some of the business owners made, but you consider those micro points about what it will do to our home values and really dig into the statistics and science behind your decision. I mean, that is all I can ask you to do, and I appreciate your time. Thank you.

MR. KJELL ERLANDSSON: Okay. My name is Kjell Erlandsson, and I reside at 6208 Highway 31, and I promise to be brief and no -- cite no numbers. So -- I do understand that there is a need for aggregate and crushed stone and things, and I do think that Payne & Dolan is a fine company, a fine company to work with, they meet all the high standards, and they -- you know, they practice with -- employing best practices in everything they do, but I don't believe that the change in zoning and land use here is in the best interest of the citizens, and I think this is a case where the citizens -- the interest of the

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citizens has to override any other interest that the leaders of the village has, and we are not Mount Pleasant, and I don't think we want to be Mount Pleasant.

The quarry doesn't belong in the middle of a residential area. There's no such thing as a dust-free quarry. I drove down 5 Mile -- or I'm sorry -- 3 Mile Road today within the speed limit, and it's a paved road, and I stirred up a cloud of dust behind me. You know, I don't -- Normally you don't see a cloud of dust when you drive on a paved road, but I saw it today.

And I think it's time for the village to look at the long-term use of the land in question. Foxconn is coming in, and there's going to be a lot of demand on land around here, and I don't believe that the quarry is in the best interest -- is -- I don't think a quarry is any longer the best use of that land.

We heard some tax numbers quoted by a private speaker, and so I think in terms of numbers, I don't think it adds up that well for the village either. Thank you.

MS. LEMKE: Thank you. My name is

Melissa Lemke. I live at 815 3 Mile Road. Ladies

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and gentlemen of the village plan commission and trustees, thank you for allowing me to speak here tonight. My name is Melissa Lemke, and I am a City of Racine alder for the 15th District. I'm not here on behalf of the City, but I am here because my neighbors know me, and they've asked me to voice some of their concerns.

The 15th District which I represent is adjacent to Caledonia's border. It's the Thunderbird Avenue area and obviously 3 Mile where the quarry is being proposed to expand, and as an alder, I understand that you have a lot of competing issues to address, a lot of competing voices, so I appreciate you hearing all of our comments.

I wanted to register my opposition to the quarry rezoning. Currently, I think the neighbors expected, given that it is zoned urban residential, that a quarry would not be put in their backyard. I don't think that the taxpayers expected that when purchasing their home, and I've heard many of my constituents raise concerns, I'll be brief, because a lot of them have been brought up, their issues including, but not limited to, impact on home values, noise, traffic, air quality, blasting,

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reclamation plans, infrastructure, and a number of other concerns.

Given that I've heard those and I'm in the city of Racine, I'd venture to guess that a lot of these constituents who signed up to speak have similar concerns as the people who circulated the petitions as well. And so as a result of the feedback from my neighbors in this area, I would ask you not rezone the mentioned land parcels, and I appreciate your time and consideration.

MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Right there.

MS. NITSCH: Hi. My name is Denise

Nitsch. I live at 4602 Charles Street. My husband was up here previously, but I have a couple things

I would like to add.

First of all, my husband's grandfather built our house, so -- and he built the house next door. We wanted to stay married -- Well, yeah -- live in that house, and we have made a promise to our son and our grandsons that that house would never be sold. So I'm going to make it real here. Everyone talks about a 20-year plan and, you know, a vibrant job and this and that. Well, I can tell you, I worked for 20 years at an organization, and you know what? My job was eliminated. Okay? So I

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get how everyone is feeling about the quarry going away. I totally get that. It sucks.

Anyways, you know, our grandchildren love our house. You know, we've been there. We have changed every wall, two cement walls. We have changed so much. We have expanded, we have done so much because we love Caledonia. We love where we live. You know, it's -- You know, we have kids in the neighborhood. We don't have a high crime rate, so when you started moving things around and -- you know, it's going to happen. And I guess part of it is, we're damned if we do and damned if we don't. Let's face it.

Because if we don't approve this, then they're just going to take what they own, and they're just going to start blasting that again.

So when I was working, I worked at home. A blast happened, a clock fell off the wall and almost hit me in the head. I called, never heard back.

Driving on -- Driving -- Going on 3 Mile, those trucks going in and out, they've cut in front of me, almost nailed me a couple times. I called. I've never heard back. So that -- It's sad. But -- And I know that in the wintertime, you've got big holes and, you know, you've got big drifts and

1 everything. I mean, it is a quarry. It is what it 09:02 2 is, so some of the things we just have to accept. 09:02 3 So I guess --09:02 4 And I also did hear that your decision 09:02 was already made, that you wanted it to go through. 5 09:03 Whether that is true or not I do not know. 6 09:03 will tell. But I'm hoping that a decision -- you 7 09:03 8 know, everybody can work together and come up with 09:03 9 a plan because we know what they're going to do. 09:03 10 They will blast, and we're going to end up, you 09:03 11 know, with big holes of water, you know. So what 09:03

talked, and we will move.

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I don't -- I love that house. husband's grandfather -- husband's grandfather actually made the tools to build the house. you know, you have all that history and you have all that background, and I'm sure it's not just me. You know, across the street, the Pishneys, you know, he was into construction. You know, he built a lot. So we are very much a neighborhood, and we're very much a community, and we do care about each other, you know, so that's just my two cents.

do we do then? You know, I don't want to move, but

if this quarry does go in, my husband and I have

That's all I have. Thanks.

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MR. DOBBS: Any other perspectives? Sir?

MR. DECHECK: Mark DeCheck, 4403 Ruby

Avenue. I built my house before the quarry which is across the street from my boys. I'm opposed to having the quarry any closer to my home than it already is. I hear them grinding at night. I'm not home during the day to hear the blasting.

I heard a subtle threat about going ahead and cornering the corner of Charles and 3 Mile. My understanding has always been that that piece of land isn't big enough for the quarry unless we give up Charles Street. I'm just disturbed by that kind of a threat because at that point, what else are they going to do that's not in the best interest of the community? I would just ask the Caledonia leadership to show some leadership and block this application and not let them bring the quarry any closer to our homes.

MR. DOBBS: Thank you.

MS. THIELEN: My name is Eve Thielen. I live at 4127 Monterey Drive, and I just would like to say the bottom line is this. Whose side are you guys on? We've got all these people. I haven't heard very many people that don't live in the area for that quarry. We don't want it. You've heard a

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lot of good arguments. So the bottom line is the people who elect you are the people you represent. You don't represent the quarry. They don't bring in the tax revenue that all the residential people do. We should have the final say. And I think you should be considering that over everything because election does come up, and I'm not making a threat. I don't even vote for you guys. I'm on the Racine side. But you represent us, these people. You don't represent the quarry. I mean, whose side are you on? That's the bottom line.

MS. BALLEWSKE: Good evening. My name is Christine Ballewske. I live at 1613 Wedgewood Drive, and I'd just like to say my entire neighborhood, if you go around there, you'll see what has happened because of the rock quarry. Every single neighbor, unless they've had it fixed -- And Joe, you know this -- the sidewalks are sunk, there's cracks in our walls. When they blast, stuff falls off of my walls. And it seems like since Payne & Dolan took over, it's gotten worse with stuff falling off the walls. I don't know if they're blasting harder or what the deal is, but, I mean, I'm not even on Ellis. I'm three, four blocks away from there, and you can hear the

09:07	1	rocks falling. You can hear the grinding. You can
09:07	2	hear everything. And this fact that everything is
09:07	3	sinking and all this stuff falling off my walls all
09:07	4	the time, you know, what What more can we do to
09:07	5	stop this?
09:07	6	This is Like Eve just said, you guys
09:07	7	are here because of us. I voted for you, I voted
09:07	8	for Kevin, I voted for Fran, I voted for Jay and
09:07	9	Mr. Wishau, I voted for him too. So I'm a voter.
09:08	10	MR. STILLMAN: You didn't vote for me.
09:08	11	Thanks.
09:08	12	MS. BALLEWSKE: I don't know about you.
09:08	13	Dale Stillman. Okay. Yes, I did vote for you.
09:08	14	MR. STILLMAN: Okay. I'll let you go
09:08	15	then.
09:08	16	MS. BALLEWSKE: But I'm just saying,
09:08	17	we're here because we're concerned. My house isn't
09:08	18	It's not a mansion. We've lived there for 34
09:08	19	years. We bought our house with intentions on
09:08	20	moving, but we loved the area. We love Caledonia.
09:08	21	We just want you guys to do what is best for us,
09:08	22	and that's it.
09:08	23	MR. DOBBS: Anybody else in the audience
09:08	24	like to say anything? Sir?
09:08	25	MR. SEBASTIAN: Scott Sebastian,

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3840 LaSalle Street, City of Racine. I also own a business at 6025 Douglas Avenue in the village of Caledonia. I haven't heard from any other business people from Caledonia this evening, so I wanted to make my voice heard as a business person and the fact that I live two blocks south of 3 Mile Road.

There's no question there's a dust problem. There's no question there's a noise problem. There's no question that there's a quality of life problem with expansion and extending the life of this quarry.

Anybody in this room or anybody who has a clue understands that. That directly reflects on doing business in the village of Caledonia as well. Quality of life issues not only affect the residents, the people in this room, they also affect business owners and operators in the village of Caledonia, and that's pretty much all I have to say. Thank you.

MR. DOBBS: Sir?

ANDREW: My name is Andrew. I live in the Maple Park subdivision. I think the issue at hand here is, you know, a quarry near a residence. Has Payne & Dolan, other than their convenience, let's say, looked at having -- I mean, they said

1 they lease in Dane County. Have they -- Has the 09:10 2 city of Racine -- or not Racine -- I mean the 09:10 Village of Caledonia or, you know, Payne & Dolan 09:10 looked at leasing in not such a residential area 4 09:10 that would, you know, that way Payne & Dolan can 5 09:10 keep their subs around the area? Because I mean --6 09:10 But I mean, that's the issue at point. 7 09:10 8 I mean, I've been around blasting. 09:10 9 can either cause like an earthquake feeling or it's 09:10 10 just a small little "PFFT." And, you know, the 09:10 11 issue is, you know, the kids at Maple Park, the 09:10 12 kids at the church, you know, is there more of a 09:10 13 nonresidential area that they could maybe just, you 09:11 14 know, move to other than the one, you know, next 09:11 15 door to where they're at? Have they looked at 09:11 possibly other sites than, you know, closer to 16 09:11 17 homes maybe in people's backyards? Has that been 09:11 18 looked at? 09:11 19 MR. DOBBS: I think they covered that in 09:11 20 their presentation. 09:11 21 ANDREW: I'm sorry. I was out in the 09:11 22 hall, and I didn't hear. 09:11 23 MR. DOBBS: There are only so many places 09:11 24 that God put the stone, and much of it already has 09:11 25 houses over it, and there's not many resources 09:11

09:11	1	readily available is what I got out of it.
	2	
09:11		ANDREW: I'm sorry. I was out in the
09:11	3	hall so I couldn't attend the presentation at all.
09:11	4	So that was all.
09:11	5	MR. DOBBS: All right. In the back?
09:11	6	MS. WEISENSEL: My name is Sue Weisensel.
09:11	7	I live at 5431 Charles Street, which is a little
09:11	8	farther out from the quarry. My concern is my
09:12	9	faith home, St. Rita's Church. I've been a member
09:12	10	of St. Rita's for about 40 years. We built a new
09:12	11	church in 2005. It had a quarry directly to the
09:12	12	south of it. Now it's proposed that we will have a
09:12	13	quarry directly to the east of it, and I would like
09:12	14	to ask you fellows from Payne & Dolan, how would
09:12	15	you feel if that was your faith home?
09:12	16	MR. DOBBS: We're not going to direct
09:12	17	questions to them. Thank you. Anyone else?
09:12	18	Second request. Anyone else in opposition?
09:13	19	MR. MIKE VANDERHOEF: My name is Mike
09:13	20	Vanderhoef. I live at 1503 Ellis Avenue which is
09:13	21	next door to 1439. I grew up there at 1439, have
09:13	22	lived at 1503 for 30 years now, which is the back
09:13	23	side 100 feet from the berm you guys want to
09:13	24	build a nice berm is what I'm told. That's my
09:13	25	sight line. For 30 years, that's been my A

09:13	1	field is open. Trees, the old St. Rita's Church,
09:13	2	the woods that were there. That's a habitat for a
09:13	3	lot of animals deer coming through, fox, the
09:13	4	coyotes. Birds come in my backyard, they feed, go
09:13	5	back into them woods. It's a natural berm. It's a
09:13	6	shame that somebody had to rip it out.
09:14	7	I guess my question is to Payne & Doyle
09:14	8	(sic), was this expansion inspired by the Foxconn
09:14	9	job? And I say Fox "con" job. I think that's
09:14	10	about it.
09:14	11	MR. DOBBS: Thank you. Anyone else?
09:14	12	Sir?
09:14	13	MR. STEVENS: My name is Anthony Stevens.
09:14	14	I live at 4618 Carter Drive. My wife and I are 31
09:14	15	years old. We're millennials with two very young
09:14	16	children. Maybe people in this room see us walking
09:14	17	the kids around from time to time. But, you know,
09:14	18	listening to everybody and hearing the
09:14	19	presentations and everything, I feel like we're
09:15	20	underrepresented, and I think that's one of the
09:15	21	bigger issues here.
09:15	22	You know, you want people like us excited
09:15	23	to move to an up-and-coming neighborhood and
09:15	24	up-and-coming area where the home prices will rise.
09:15	25	This is an economic issue. Payne & Dolan It was

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a very good presentation. You guys are just doing your job. I get that. But to weigh the cost of construction companies and whoever needs to get that aggregate and that stone to do their projects versus turning our neighborhood and a developing neighborhood where people are trying to build homes and develop the businesses around so that more money comes into the area, to weigh that versus their trucking costs? That's really short-sighted.

So, you know, health reasons or foundation reasons or whatever the different reasons are aside, I think the bigger picture is you want the type of people that are excited to live in an area and have kids in that area coming in. So I think that's something to definitely consider with this. Thank you.

MR. DOBBS: Anyone else? Anyone else like to say anything? Third request. Anyone else like to say anything in opposition? With that, the public comments session is over. Thank you. Let's take a five-minute recess for the court reporter.

(A break was taken.)

MR. DOBBS: We're back in session with the planning commission. Considering the amount of information that we just got, I'm quite sure that

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we cannot make an informed decision tonight. What I would recommend, and see what you think, is to have Jarmen present the documents that he does for many of these types of planning commission things where he'll give us a list of potential reasons why the village could accept this and other reasons that we could potentially deny this. With all the things that were said tonight, I'm sure Jarmen has kept good notes, and I have too, of the reasons, if we would be able to mitigate the reasons or eliminate the reasons against or if we wouldn't be able to. I think that's my initial thoughts. Does anybody have anything to add to that?

MR. WANGGAARD: I do. I would just like to make sure that, you know, we don't go through another public hearing, that this is done. And I agree with you that we ought to have this done and Jarmen ought to work -- you know, I hate to put it all on Jarmen, but, you know, I think to have, you know, conditions also there and for us to get the paperwork or get, you know, the transcript of this so we can look through this again also, and also the village board can look through that and have that poured on the village board.

MR. DOBBS: How long would it take for a

	1	transcript to be done for something like this?
	2	COURT REPORTER: About a week to ten
	3	days.
09:24	4	MR. DOBBS: Our meeting would be on the
09:24	5	30th, so I assume that's when we'll bring this
09:24	6	back. Jarmen will present this with some pros and
09:24	7	cons if we would or wouldn't accept this, and we
09:25	8	can kick it around that night. It would not be a
09:25	9	public session. Could we
09:25	10	MR. WANGGAARD: Could we get a transcript
09:25	11	out as soon as it's available?
09:25	12	MR. DOBBS: Right. Anybody else?
09:25	13	Thoughts?
09:25	14	MR. MINORIK: I guess I have a question.
09:25	15	There was a There was an individual that
09:25	16	presented, I believe, against that had a lot of
09:25	17	financial facts, right, as it related to acts and
09:25	18	impact to the community, and I'm wondering if
09:25	19	somebody can confirm that and maybe put that out to
09:25	20	us that we could either take his consideration or
09:25	21	discard it if it's not factual.
09:25	22	MR. DOBBS: Okay. Tony, can you Tony,
09:25	23	can you check with our assessor and the information
09:26	24	that that gentleman was quoting I believe we got
09:26	25	tonight from him? I think it was this pack here.

09:26	1	Yeah. Is it in here?
09:26	2	MR. FOLK: It's in this packet.
09:26	3	MR. DOBBS: If we can have this and get
09:26	4	some updated figures on that. And the other thing
09:26	5	is
09:26	6	MR. FOLK: Hold on. Can I add to that?
09:26	7	MR. DOBBS: Sure.
09:26	8	MR. FOLK: Make sure we have impact costs
09:26	9	though, too. So if we're just talking dollars and
09:26	10	cents here, that's not enough. The impact of
09:26	11	services provided by Caledonia to that business
09:26	12	versus the residential cost impact. So if we're
09:26	13	going to do a financial analysis, you actually have
09:26	14	to go through and realize the fact that those
09:26	15	communities, as was stated, you know, \$100,000 is
09:26	16	paid by that person, \$21,000, but the financial
09:26	17	impact of those residents is different than the
09:27	18	financial impact. So if we're going to have some
09:27	19	type of analysis done, we're going to have that
09:27	20	detail.
09:27	21	MR. MINORIK: Right. The full story.
09:27	22	MR. DOBBS: Sure. The financial services
09:27	23	required, you're saying.
	24	MR. FOLK: Yes.
09:27	25	MR. MINORIK: The other thing is, is

somebody mentioned a 2006 land use plan, and my 1 09:27 guess is that that's public record someplace, and 2 09:27 maybe I can just come in and see you, Tony, and see 3 09:27 how that relates to what we have? 4 09:27 MR. DOBBS: Jarmen? 5 09:27 MR. CZUTA: I believe -- You know, we 6 09:27 7 would have to look at the minutes from the planning 09:27 8 commission, but I believe the village voted to no 09:27 9 longer recognize the 2006 land use plan and solely 09:27 10 recognize the 2035 plan since you've been on here, 09:27 11 Joe. 09:27 12 MR. KNITTER: I believe that's correct. 09:27 13 MR. BUNKELMAN: And I have both, Joe. 09:27 Ι still have the 2006 plan, so if you want to see it, 14 09:28 15 I could pull that out for you, but the 2035 plan is 09:28 16 the plan that we've been using for the past two, 09:28 17 three years at least. 09:28 18 MS. MARTIN: I was working on that. The 09:28 19 2035 plan -- When the 2006 plan was rejected, we 09:28 were told that the 2035 plan incorporated the 2006 20 09:28 21 plan into it. So I think the zoning, when we're 09:28 22 taking about the zoning of the 2006 plan, I think 09:28 23 that's the same as the zoning in the 2035 plan, 09:28 24 unless it was subsequently amended. There were 09:28 25 some tweaks, but. 09:28

09:28	1	MR. BUNKELMAN: Well, we've got it. And
09:28	2	I think, Tim, you've got it at your offices.
09:28	3	Right?
09:28	4	MR. PRUITT: Correct. I'd just like to
09:28	5	add something. All the letters that were put in,
09:28	6	e-mails, any documents either for or against, we
09:28	7	need to have one person accumulating those so that
09:28	8	if this goes up on appeal, we've got a good record.
09:29	9	MR. DOBBS: I gave all the ones to the
09:29	10	court reporter. She's going to give them
09:29	11	eventually to Karie.
09:29	12	MR. PRUITT: Great.
09:29	13	MR. DOBBS: Some folks tonight brought up
09:29	14	DNR, EPA, and I haven't really heard any
09:29	15	information from either of those agencies. I guess
09:29	16	I did read one e-mail a while back when Jay brought
09:29	17	something up that they don't seem to govern or deal
09:29	18	with or do much with dust. Is that true? I mean,
09:29	19	who To answer that question, who are we going to
09:29	20	talk to to see if dust from streets, from farm
09:29	21	fields, from grass cutting, from trees, from stone,
09:29	22	from everything is hurting us or not and what we
09:29	23	can do about it? I don't know if anybody is going
09:29	24	to answer that question for us.
09:30	25	Melissa?

So I don't -- Thank you for 1 MS. LEMKE: 09:30 2 allowing me to speak. One potential resource to --09:30 I was going to say if you were interested in some 09:30 factual information about what kinds of dust might 4 09:30 be harmful versus what might not be harmful, one of 5 09:30 the folks that I might reach out to is there's an 6 09:30 7 environmental health group -- There's Zilber School 09:30 8 of Public Health in Milwaukee. So they're our 09:30 9 next-door neighbors, and they'd probably have some 09:30 10 information about that because they have an 09:30 11 environmental health division. I don't know if 09:30 12 there's anyone that specializes in dust, but they 09:30 13 might be a resource. 09:30 14 MR. DOBBS: Toni, could you get that 09:30 15 information and see if somebody from the village 09:30 16 can follow up on that? That's one of the strong 09:30 17 contentious points is dust, but other than getting 09:30 18 it on your cars, is it harmful? I haven't seen 09:30 19 that it is. I don't know. 09:31 20 MR. MICHALSKI: Jim? I've been living 09:31 21 around quarries for 20 years, and I'm the pillar of 09:31 22 health. 09:31 23 MR. DOBBS: You look good for 85. 09:31 24 else was brought up tonight that we need to do a 09:31 25 little more research on? 09:31

09:31	1	MR. FOLK: I do believe they made
09:31	2	reference that we need to ensure that any
09:31	3	stipulations that we have as far as conditions are
09:31	4	specific enough that they address the current
09:32	5	statutes. Correct? Such as noise, dust, the
09:32	6	traffic impact, et cetera.
09:32	7	MR. PRUITT: Right. You try to make them
09:32	8	as objective as possible. Single out all the
09:32	9	issues that have been raised, what steps can be
09:32	10	taken to address them, and make those conditions
09:32	11	As long as they're reasonable, then they'd have to
09:32	12	be complied with.
09:32	13	MR. DOBBS: Toni M., I'd also like you to
09:32	14	talk with our assessor to see if there's any
09:32	15	evidence that he could find that would affect
09:32	16	property values. I know that these folks have
09:32	17	reached out to the city of Racine via an e-mail,
09:32	18	their assessor, to see if their properties on their
09:32	19	side would be affected at all, and I don't think
09:32	20	they got an answer back yet. I'd be interested if
	21	anybody could
09:32	22	MR. WANGGAARD: Melissa could probably
09:32	23	find that out
09:32	24	MS. LEMKE: I probably could look.
09:32	25	MR. WANGGAARD: as an alderman.

09:32	1	MS. MARTIN: They did provide links to
09:33	2	studies that were done.
09:33	3	MR. DOBBS: There was an interesting
09:33	4	study, and I actually read that one study that
09:33	5	gave all of the houses that went down in this area.
09:33	6	Then you read the asterisk at the bottom. "Reader
09:33	7	is advised that not all sales and resales of
09:33	8	properties within the influence of the quarry
09:33	9	resulted in a loss of price. However, the above 19
09:33	10	did." They didn't mention the ones that didn't get
09:33	11	batted around. They just mentioned the ones that
09:33	12	went down. So I'm not so sure that study was
09:33	13	MS. MARTIN: Well, there were a couple of
09:33	14	links that looked pretty
09:33	15	MR. STILLMAN: Have any of those
09:33	16	assessments in the neighborhood dropped in the last
09:33	17	five years or is it steadily increasing or are
09:33	18	property taxes dropping? I can't
09:33	19	MR. DOBBS: It would be good to have our
09:33	20	assessor do some kind of reports for us and what
09:33	21	his thoughts on this whole thing are. Maybe I'll
09:33	22	talk to him and try to tell him what I need.
09:34	23	MR. PRUITT: Just one suggestion.
09:34	24	Tonight was a night for public hearing and
09:34	25	testimony to be presented for or against. To the

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extent we bring back new information, we may have to open that up and present it in a fashion that Payne & Dolan can respond or perhaps others that have questions about new information that you're bringing to the table. I know you wanted to cut off the public hearing as of tonight, but that would mean that you just make your decision based on what was presented here tonight.

So I don't think it's a bad idea to do this extra investigation. I'm just saying that if you do that and if you get reports from your assessor or from a health professional about particulate matter and that kind of thing and we have a presentation, I think then you may need to give an opportunity to the applicants to respond and perhaps members of the public. So we'll have to think that through.

MR. DOBBS: Mr. Wanggaard?

MR. WANGGAARD: Tim, I concede with the applicant, you know, having that response as the individuals of the public are the ones that ask the questions to drive those answers, but I think also that's why it's imperative, I think, we get the transcript. Because if we get that transcript, I think that individual that asked that question

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might be the one that, you know, follows up on that question. Is that -- Because otherwise you're going to open it up to everybody again. You're going to have another public hearing.

MR. PRUITT: Right. And again, I believe the conference when we were hammering about Act 67, this very issue came up in terms of what kind of evidence is needed to pass the substantial evidence test. If somebody stands up and talks about a concern about particulate matter, is that enough or do you need someone with expertise in that field to present?

Is it enough for a person who owns property to express concern about their property values? Is that enough or do they have to present someone who's got expertise, such as an assessor or an appraiser to say "Yeah, I've done a study, and it is going to affect property values by X percent." So these are questions that we have, and unfortunately we're all grappling with them. So I'm hesitant to say that, you know, you just necessarily need to go back to the person who raised the question because I'm not sure that -- Those are all good points that were made and good questions, but that person didn't necessarily have

09:36	1	the expertise to present or rebut.
09:36	2	MR. KNITTER: It's more opinion than
09:36	3	factual.
09:36	4	MR. WANGGAARD: But is that considered a
09:37	5	public hearing then? Is that something that we
09:37	6	have to post again?
09:37	7	MR. PRUITT: If we decide to do a public
09:37	8	hearing, we have to post it again, yeah.
09:37	9	MR. WANGGAARD: That's what I'm trying to
09:37	10	get at. Because if we have to If you're going
09:37	11	to come back and say "We're going to do this" and
09:37	12	open it up, is it considered public comment or is
09:37	13	it considered a public hearing?
09:37	14	MR. PRUITT: Those are two different
09:37	15	MR. WANGGAARD: So the legalese part, so
09:37	16	we're falling in line to you know, that we were
09:37	17	the "We were noticed properly" or we didn't have
09:37	18	to notice.
09:37	19	MR. PRUITT: Right. I think if we're
09:37	20	bringing new information to the table, it should be
09:37	21	part of the record, which means it should be part
09:37	22	of your public hearing so that people can hear it
09:37	23	and be aware of the fact that you are bringing new
09:37	24	information, and that brings people out, you know,
09:37	25	in the audience. They can ask the tough questions

09:37	1	of the presenter or the information that's
09:37	2	presented. So unfortunately, that seems to be the
09:37	3	direction we're going. And again, I don't know
09:38	4	that this is what was intended by legislature when
09:38	5	we did Act 67, but it's kind of what we're dealing
09:38	6	with.
09:38	7	MR. WANGGAARD: But what time period? Is
09:38	8	that Class 1?
09:38	9	MR. PRUITT: I think we typically do a
09:38	10	Class 2 notice for a public hearing. Jarmen, you
09:38	11	know that.
09:38	12	MR. CZUTA: Two post days. Correct?
09:38	13	Seven days before and then the week before that.
09:38	14	Tim, is that what you're talking about?
09:38	15	MR. PRUITT: Right. We already did the
09:38	16	Class 1 notice for the land use plan, which was 30
09:38	17	days in advance, so this would become a
09:38	18	continuation of the public hearing if we decide to
09:38	19	go that route.
09:38	20	MR. FOLK: But I would argue that this is
09:38	21	due diligence at this point. I mean, the reality
09:38	22	is they brought up the questions, we had the public
09:38	23	hearing. Everything you're saying is accurate. We
09:38	24	received the information. We're not really getting
09:38	25	additional new information. We're getting the

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information that they asked. We're doing due diligence as part of our job and for the board's job because if they ask the question, it's our responsibility to get that, review it and make a decision on it. So to your point, we've heard from the village. We know what they want. We need the data to actually make that informed decision.

MR. PRUITT: Great point. And we talked about that too, the fact that pre-Act 67 is exactly what you'd be doing. You're doing your due diligence, you heard the people, you got the information, you made the best decision based on that information.

Now they're talking across the state as this being more of a due process hearing where you're supposed to be making a decision based on the evidence that was presented at the public hearing. And so to the extent you end up making your decision based on evidence that you have discovered later on, you're taking stuff that happened outside the public hearing, and it opens you up to a challenge later on if someone says "Hey, I was at the public hearing. I heard all this stuff, and they went and did another investigation, and they made their decision based

09:40	1	on something that wasn't presented."
09:40	2	MR. FOLK: Okay. I'm not an attorney,
09:40	3	but hearsay. I mean, so "My foundation is
09:40	4	cracked." I have to count it as fact? Come on.
09:40	5	That's not
09:40	6	MS. MARTIN: He's right.
09:40	7	MR. FOLK: I'm not saying that he's
09:40	8	wrong.
09:40	9	MS. MARTIN: Call up the legislator and
09:40	10	ask him why they drafted the statute that way.
	11	MR. FOLK: Trust me, I will.
	12	MS. MARTIN: Everybody should.
09:40	13	MS. PRUITT: And thank you to the village
09:40	14	board for attending tonight. That was the other
09:40	15	thing that came out of that. The general
09:40	16	prevailing wisdom now is that the same body that
09:40	17	hears the public hearing should make the decision
09:40	18	because it's now become a quasi-judicial hearing.
09:40	19	So that was a big groan at the conference because
09:40	20	everybody has clients, they all have village boards
09:40	21	that make recommendations or I'm sorry, plan
09:40	22	commissions that make recommendations to the
09:40	23	village board.
09:40	24	So the counter to that was "Let's have
09:40	25	both bodies hear the same stuff," the same

evidence, so to speak, so that when the decision is 1 09:40 2 made, you're acting with a good foundation. 09:40 So that's why we're all here tonight and 09:41 4 we're struggling through all of this, but I'm just 09:41 warning you that that's an issue that's out there, 5 09:41 that we need to make sure that the evidence that 6 09:41 was presented is what we base our decision on. 7 09:41 8 MR. FOLK: So I guess procedurally, do we 09:41 9 have to make a motion to table this to the next 09:41 10 meeting? Do we have to make this a public hearing 09:41 11 or is that still TBD? 09:41 12 MR. PRUITT: I think it depends on what 09:41 13 information we get. If we have something that's 09:41 14 worth presenting, then we'll have to make that 09:41 15 decision on whether we should notice it up as a 09:41 16 public hearing. But I do think that it's 09:41 17 appropriate at this time to adjourn to a day 09:41 18 certain -- in this case I believe the 30th is your 09:41 19 next date. 09:41 20 MR. FOLK: I would make such a motion. 09:41 21 MR. MICHALSKI: Second. 09:41 22 MR. DOBBS: If you were to post it up 09:41 23 early now and saying that we have -- you know, 09:41 24 we're going to research some of the questions that 09:41 25 they had that would include dust, that would 09:42

09:42	1	include property values, tax base, and that we will
09:42	2	present that information at the meeeting and there
09:42	3	will be time for people to speak not really a
09:42	4	public hearing, per se, but we'll give them two
09:42	5	minutes to add something to whatever evidence we
09:42	6	find and that we present that night, would that be
09:42	7	sufficient?
09:42	8	MR. PRUITT: I think you could narrow it
09:42	9	and just say we can do an additional public
09:42	10	hearing. It will be just as to new evidence or new
09:42	11	testimony that's presented so that we're not
09:42	12	plowing new ground, so to speak.
09:42	13	MS. MARTIN: That's assuming you can get
09:42	14	that within two weeks.
09:42	15	MR. DOBBS: Right. I don't know what
09:42	16	we're going to find. Do you guys Does Payne &
09:42	17	Dolan have any information from dust? What kind of
09:42	18	research have you guys done? There's got to be
09:42	19	something out there, something you can show us,
09:43	20	some studies and whatever, that is going to either
09:43	21	kill you or not kill you.
	22	MR. ENDRES: Sure. Yeah.
	23	MR. DOBBS: There's got to be something
	24	out there.
09:43	25	MR. ENDRES: Yeah. Sure. We can get you

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guys some stuff.

MR. CZUTA: There's going to have to be a decision made on this like right away because the public -- If this has to be posted in the paper -- And I just know this because I started preparing a legal notice for July 30. It has to be submitted to the newspaper by the 12th. So I don't -- We're not going to be able to -- if that's the route that it needs to go, I don't know how this all comes together.

MR. PRUITT: Then maybe you try to get your new information for the next meeting, and then take it up at a subsequent plan commission meeting. I don't know.

MR. DOBBS: How about post it now as there may be a limited time for the public to speak if this board presents new evidence of information that we've discovered in our research in the next two weeks?

MR. CZUTA: The other thing is cost. Who is ordering it? The village? Payne & Dolan? I mean, you're talking about dollars and cents of putting another notice in the paper, which we've never done before. That's another decision that would need to be made now.

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MR. DOBBS: Act 67, unfunded mandate.

MR. BENKOWSKI: Something -- What you're not even considering is before you can go forward, you as a body should identify the things that you're going to vet, that you're going to go forward with. You as a body have to take apart the minutes from this meeting in a rational manner and say "This is what we're going to look into" and create the operating. Because right now you're "Do this. Tony, do this. Oh. Talk to the assessor."

You know, you can look at the assessor in terms of valuations and lost depreciation in comparison to a larger aggregate sample area. You have to do a study about lost economic impacts.

What is being impacted because this is going forward? What lost revenue? What lost property valuations? What remodeling that didn't occur?

What other aspects?

I mean, if you're really going to start to take this apart, you have to take it apart and you have to package it and break it and figure out what you're going to do and what you're not going to do. Otherwise, as our attorney is telling us, Act 67, you're automatically making a decision that this is irrelevant or that's relevant or that's

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factual or that's not factual. Payne & Dolan has to have the ability to rebut anything that you bring forward. This is not a process which is going to occur in a timely, clean, efficient This is -- We're talking at least two manner. This is not "The next meeting we're going months. to have it resolved." And then after that it's going to go to the board, and it's going to get sloppy again. This is not clean. This is not easy.

> No. it's not. MR. DOBBS:

MR. BENKOWSKI: And then we've got the citizens to deal with. So potentially you're going to have two or three of these public meetings with the information that's being presented and sort of, I guess, in the words of Xiaoping, "You're going to cross the river by feeling the stones." This is not two, three things and let's go meet again. I think you really do have to digest that document.

It's up to you as the board -- Maybe the board has to be present too, but it's up to you as the plan commission to create that vet. It's these ten items. You have to create a rationale that's defensible, and the attorney has to be part of it.

> MS. MARTIN: It's asking you to sit as a

09:46	1	judge without knowing the rules of evidence.
09:46	2	MR. DOBBS: Well, what's interesting is,
09:47	3	typically in court, there would be people bringing
09:47	4	us facts on both sides. We didn't have a lot of
09:47	5	facts out there. We had a lot of things about
09:47	6	We have to pay to go get the facts?
09:47	7	MS. MARTIN: That's the problem. The
09:47	8	rules of evidence
09:47	9	MR. DOBBS: We've never done it this way.
09:47	10	Somebody should provide us with facts on one side
09:47	11	and facts on the other and we
09:47	12	MS. MARTIN: That's how judges do it.
09:47	13	MR. DOBBS: We don't have them.
09:47	14	MR. MICHALSKI: We have some facts.
09:47	15	MR. DOBBS: What are we thinking?
09:47	16	MR. FOLK: A motion was already made to
09:47	17	table it until the 30th and seconded.
09:47	18	MR. MINORIK: Seconded.
09:47	19	MR. DOBBS: The motion is seconded to
09:47	20	table this until the 30th where we will have
09:47	21	gathered some new information that we will digest,
09:47	22	and we will post that there may be a public hearing
09:47	23	on any new information that we present.
09:48	24	MR. KNITTER: I don't know about that.
09:48	25	You can't post "may be."

09:48	1	MR. DOBBS: Mr. Attorney, help me here.
09:48	2	MR. MICHALSKI: You can't do "maybes."
09:48	3	MR. PRUITT: Yeah. I actually think the
09:48	4	gentleman is correct. We're in for a longer
09:48	5	process. I don't like to drag these things out,
09:48	6	but we need to do it right, and it's not fair to
09:48	7	either side to make decisions without all the
09:48	8	information. So I think we should forge ahead and
09:48	9	try to get the information that we need, the
09:48	10	transcript, and you're going to have fun doing the
09:48	11	transcript, I'm sure, but some of the information
09:48	12	that we start gathering information from Payne &
09:48	13	Dolan on some of the issues raised and then other
09:48	14	suggestions that were made in terms of the health
09:48	15	aspect and see what we have at the 30th. And once
09:48	16	we have a game plan, then go ahead with public
09:48	17	hearing.
09:48	18	Maybe we bring somebody in from the NIH
09:49	19	or you know, I don't know. Maybe we'll find the
09:49	20	right person to come in and talk about whether this
09:49	21	is something we need to worry about or not.
09:49	22	MR. FOLK: How much notice has to be
09:49	23	given to cancel the public hearing?
09:49	24	MS. TORKILSEN: Are we going to be
09:49	25	expected to notify everybody by mail again too?

Because that's the other thing. The 500 -- That 1 09:49 2 will take some time. 09:49 MR. CZUTA: I've got to jump in with 09:49 possible -- Procedurally, if we're going back to 4 09:49 the public hearing route now, granted, this is 5 09:49 layover and things, but Karie brings up a great 6 09:49 point in terms of notification and things like 7 09:49 8 that. We're past the filing deadline for the July 09:49 9 30 meeting. That was July 3. So maybe a motion to 09:49 10 lay this over for up to two more meetings to 09:49 11 provide further time for acquiring this information 09:49 12 that it sounds like you desire to, you know -- I 09:49 13 just think it's too utterly gone to automatically 09:50 say "We'll bring it back on 30th" if --14 09:50 MR. FOLK: Let me cut you off. 15 09:50 16 willing to amend my motion to say August -- the 09:50 17 August meeting. 09:50 18 MR. MINORIK: And considering that 09:50 19 information, I will second that as well. 09:50 20 MR. FOLK: Because you make a very valid 09:50 21 It gives everybody enough time to get the 09:50 22 filing, get the information we've requested from 09:50 23 the individual parties, time enough to review the 09:50 24 I apologize to Payne & Dolan, but that's 09:50 matter. 25 the reality here. Plus, the opportunity to maybe, 09:50

09:50	1	once again, vet whether or not this actually needs
09:50	2	to be a public hearing. I mean
09:50	3	MR. KNITTER: Yeah. I don't know if we
09:50	4	can avoid that.
09:50	5	MR. FOLK: I would completely agree. I
09:50	6	believe this is due diligence for our board for
09:50	7	this committee and for the board as a whole.
09:50	8	MR. DOBBS: Why don't we leave this on
09:50	9	the agenda for discussion to see what we've
09:50	10	learned
09:51	11	MR. KNITTER: Like a status report?
09:51	12	MR. DOBBS: in three weeks, and if
09:51	13	there's anything else that we need to do that we
09:51	14	haven't gotten yet, and then by then we'll
09:51	15	determine by the August meeting if we need to do
09:51	16	another public meeting.
09:51	17	MR. FOLK: For the motion, though, I
09:51	18	believe we need to table this because no action
09:51	19	will be taken at the 30th meeting one way or the
09:51	20	other. So the motion I believe to delay this until
09:51	21	August's meeting is to take action on it. I agree
09:51	22	we should have something
09:51	23	MR. DOBBS: We'll put it on the agenda.
09:51	24	MR. FOLK: something separate from my
09:51	25	motion.

09:51	1	MR. KNITTER: Why don't we just put it on
09:51	2	the agenda as an update?
09:51	3	MR. DOBBS: A discussion to update where
09:51	4	we're at. Okay. Did you get that motion? Got it.
09:51	5	Now we've got to vote on it. All those in favor?
	6	(Simultaneous "Ayes.")
09:51	7	MR. DOBBS: Opposed? The "Ayes" have it.
09:51	8	Motion to adjourn?
09:51	9	MR. FOLK: So moved.
09:51	10	MR. DOBBS: All those in favor?
09:52	11	(Simultaneous "Ayes.")
09:52	12	MR. DOBBS: The "Ayes" have it. Thank
09:52	13	you.
09:56	14	(Proceedings concluded at 9:56 p.m.)
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